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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

TERMS OF THE CONSTITUTION

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CONVENTION SKETCHES.

The convention sketches are now ready. The volume is handsomely bound in cloth—price one dollar. Besides a sketch of each member of the convention, the book contains a portrait of President Jenkins, and the full vote of each senatorial district. It forms an excellent memorial of the convention. A limited number of copies has been printed, and orders will be filled as they come in.

AN IMPARTIAL VIEW OF THE CAPITAL QUESTION.

The Columbus Times, replying to a correspondent who criticises the position taken by the editor of that paper with respect to the capital question, makes some very just and conservative remarks on the subject. The Times says: "We have all the time thought that the convenience and interest of this section of the state would best be subserved by keeping the capital at Atlanta, with the sanction of the free vote of the people, provided it could be done without a large additional expense. We are glad to see that our correspondent concedes that the objection to the manner of the removal to Atlanta has been obviated by the submission of the question to a vote of the people, and that 'no reasonable man can longer use this argument.' The question is placed before the people entirely free from prejudice on this account."

Further on the editor of the Times makes the following unanswerable argument: "We think that our correspondent, in his sweeping denunciation of the temptations and corruptions of Atlanta and their effect upon legislators, stops far short of the proper remedy. If Atlanta is so terribly dangerous and corrupt a place, it is a social evil which the state ought to abate; it is an unsafe place for any good citizen as well as for a legislator—the latter being in great part lawyers and not so liable to be caught by temptations and snares as the unwary citizon. If it be true that cities of thirty-five or forty thousand inhabitants present too many temptations and perils for the people to risk the morals and integrity of their legislators in them, we ought to have no cities of thirty-five or forty thousand inhabitants; Richmond and New Orleans ought to be reduced to villages, and even Puritanical Boston pitched like its tea into Cape Cod. If it be true that "a majority of the members of the legislature are engaged almost exclusively in having a general jollification" in Atlanta, to the neglect of their public duties, the proper remedy is for the people to select no such legislators, but to send men to Atlanta who may be able to do something towards its regeneration and salvation. If it be true that the only object of the members of the legislature, when sent to Atlanta, is "to draw their per diem and prolong the session," the new constitution will effectually cure that, for it reduces the per diem to four dollars and limits the sessions to forty days biennially."

The Times then proceeds as follows: "We would like to have more definite information as to how the retention of the capital at Atlanta is going to cost the state at least two millions of dollars. If the present capital in Atlanta is really an unfit building, it is certainly worth enough, in its central location, to build another in a part of the city where temptations are not so thick, and business is not so brisk. And so of the governor's house at Atlanta—the property of the state—if it is by far too costly a building, as some writers tell us, it might easily be exchanged for one cheaper and less pretentious. We would like, also, to see the text of that 'solemn agreement with the people of Baldwin county to fix the seat of government permanently at Milledgeville,' which a former legislature made, and to be informed why it was not thought of twenty-five or thirty years ago when the proposition to remove the seat of government from Milledgeville was made and was only defeated because Macon and Atlanta both contended for it."

A NUMBER of Russian railroad companies, as reported at Berlin, have informed the Russian government that they find it exceedingly difficult to fulfill their promise to their creditors and continue the payment of interest on preference shares in gold. These shares being directly or indirectly guaranteed by the Russian government, a total amount of about £20,000,000 sterling was placed at different times in Germany. Were the companies now authorized to pay in paper money, half the capital invested would be lost.

THE man who died in New York of yellow fever, as reported in our telegrams recently, was from Fernandina, Florida. The existence of the disease has been denied by the physicians of that place, but the telegram from New York seems to settle the matter.

THE New York Bulletin, in an elaborate article on the foreign trade of the United States for the seven complete months of 1877, shows that our imports of merchandise for that period amount to $297,200,000, compared with $262,900 000 for the same period of last year, showing an increase of $34,300 000, or at the rate of 13 per cent. The exports of merchandise for the like months reached $332,600,000, against $322,200,000—an increase of $10,400,000, or $23 900,000 less than the increase in imports. The whole trade of the seven months shows an excess of exports over imports, (specie included), amounting to $60,500,000, while, for the corresponding period of last year, the surplus of exports was $95,600,000.

MATTERS OF NOTE.

WILLIAM RITTENOUR, of Tippecanoe, Ind., has been married seven times, twice to each of two women, and it is charged he has not troubled the divorce laws any in his operations, He lives in a big house, with ten or a dozen wives and relatives, and is called the Tippecanoe Mormon.

MUCH dissatisfaction with regard to the Indian policy is cropping out among the country editors of late. The kind of policy that they seem most to favor just now is one that will turn in an occasional cart-load of defunct aborgines to the boneyard, and they're about half right, too.

GENERAL HOWARD was sitting in his tent the other evening, when his partner led the seven of clubs. His right-hand opponent immediately played the queen of that suit. which was a bad play, when Howard threw out a picuture and said: "I guess my Chief Joseph can scalp your squaw!"

JUDGE TISSOT, of New Orleans, was one day last week called upon to decide whether $500 was an excessive charge for drawing up the will of a man who lay sick with the small pox. This being above the rate allowed by law, the question is whether the notary could charge for the risk and alarm he incurred.

THE death of Ben De Bar afforded a beautiful illustration of simple faith. His wife and daughter, who were at once at his bedside, testify that a few minutes before his death, and after he had ceased to speak, he raised his arm and pointed his finger upward, a smile at the same time wreathing his face.

THE cruel fates never appear half so grim and pitiless as when they marry a girl who has gone through Vassar, and can play divinely, paint like an angel, dance like a fairy, and slam the front door in seven languages, to a man who owes for the clothes he was married in, begs his tobacco, and buys his wood half a cord at a time.—Hawkeye.

NEBUCHADNEZZAR'S hunting diary has been found in the excavation at Babylon. with notes, occasional portraits of his dogs, (sketched by himself), etc. He mentions his illness, and says that while he was delirous he thought he had been out to graze like the beasts of the field. These statements are from the National Repository, and establish the important fact that Neb. was a man of considerable culture among the old sports of his time.

TEARS FOR THIERS.

MOURNING FOR THE DEPARTED STATESMAN OF FRANCE.

Honors of the Government to the Dead—A Deep Impression Abroad The Reception of the American Minister and the Reply by President MacMahon.

BY THE GRAVE.

PARIS, September 5—MacMahon will attend Thiers' funeral at Invalides Saturday.

A DEEP IMPRESSION.

BERLIN, September 5.—Thiers' death produced deep impression. New difficulties are apprehended.

THE BOURSE ANIMATED.

PARIS, September 5.—The Bourse was quite animated, and seemed in some way or other to regard the sad event as tending to clear the political atmosphere.

A GREAT CALAMITY.

LONDON, September 5.—The English press generally thinks that to the republicans M. Thiers' death is terrible. It is not a light matter that the republican policy, instead of being represented by Thiers' mature wisdom, should be dependent upon the eager temper of Gambetta, who is now without a serious rival.

GAMBETTA IN COURT.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—M. Gambetta has been summoned to appear again before the Judge D'Instruction on the 11th inst.

The Official Journal publishes a decree by President McMahon ordering a state funeral for M. Thiers.

THE AMERICAN MINISTER.

Hon. Edward J. Noyes, recently appointed United States minister to France, will present his credentials and Hon. E B. Washburne a letter of recall to President McMahon at 2 o'clock this evening. Mr. Washburne's numerous engagements and early departure have obliged him to decline a banquet tendered him by the Americans of Paris, and also honors intended to be shown him by his French friends.

WHAT MR. NOYES SAID.

After presenting the credentials to President MacMahon this afternoon Mr. Noyes said: "I have also the great pleasure to bring with me the expression of the wishes of the president of the United States for the well-being of your excellency and the health and happiness of your family, as well as the peace and prosperity of the French people. My compatriots remember with gratitude the opportune assistance rendered by France to our ancestors when fighting for national independence. I shall not be able better to interpret the desire and feelings of the president and the American people than by endeavoring as I shall have pleasure in doing, to cultivate, strengthen and perpetuate the warmest sympathies and friendly relations between the two countries."

AND PRESIDENT PATRICK'S REPLY.

President MacMahon, in reply, said: "I thank you for the sentiments you have expressed in the name of the president of the United States. I am sensible of the recollections you call up. You may rest assured you may always find me ready to second you in maintaining and strengthening the old friendship which unites France with your country."

A Statistical Man at Large.

Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette.

Out of 976,588 males in Ohio over ten years of age, there are 396,267 employed in agriculture, and there are 219,219 unemployed. The farmers therefore constitute 52.4 per cent of the employed population and 40.6 per cent of the whole laboring population, while those engaged in manufacturing and mining number but 179,394, or 23 8 per cent of the employed population. Any labor movement in that state, therefore, which does not include the farmers, must necessarily be a failure.

NEW YORK NEWS

WHAT WAS FOUND IN OUR EXCHANGES LAST NIGHT.

The Charley Ross Case—A Wonderful Story—A New Ananias Case.

The most wonderful story of the season comes to us through the Times concerning the late discovery touching the long lost Charley Ross. A boy was found in Cleveland, Ohio, who was believed to be Charley. He was carried to New York, where Mr. Ross denied that he was his son. The neighbors, however declare that he is the lost boy. We append the story as it is told in the Times. The following is a letter from Mr. Bechtel, who discovered the boy: "Mr. Ross—We have one of your books in which is the likeness of Charlie and his brother, and it is impossible to find any other child that would come so near the likeness of Charlie as this child. My wife says the color of the hair is exactly like that of yours and his uncles, and when he smiles he has a striking resemblance to your family. The boy is said to have been put on the cars by some men said to be his father, who left him in

THE CARE OF A STRANGE WOMAN.

When she arrived here she went out in the country a short distance and stopped with a woman by the name of Wilson. She said she was going to Cincinnati. A man named Bechtel had the child taken from her and brought to town, where he is now in care of the jailer. The child says he has two fathers and two mothers, and evidently does not know anything about his home. He has been

DRESSED AS A GIRL

and called by a girl's name. I have been to the jail with your book in my hand and many men whom I am acquainted with declare that the child is a perfect likeness of that in the book." Another letter from the same person under the date of August 29, contained the following: "The child here is none other than Charley Ross. The very best experts have compared the child with the likeness, and many hundreds have been to see him."

The following description is given of the crowd at the depot at Mr. Ross's home:

Thousands of excited men and women were assembled at the North Pennsylvania railroad depot, eager to get even a glimpse at the boy. At last

THE TRAIN

came rushing into the depot, and after a little delay a large, portly man in a duster led forth a little curly, flaxen-haired boy from the car. Another man with a couple of bags following sharply after. There was a suppressed 'Oh!" from the crowd, who quickly drew as close as possible around the strangers. "That's him! he's the very image of his picture!" exclaimed a stout lady in black, and she seemed to echo the sentiment of the crowd, some of whom boldly asserted, "Well, if that isn't Charley Ross, he never will be found."

The child was taken to the hotel and kept there to await Mr. Ross's arrival.

The guests of the hotel, especially the ladies, were all anxious to catch

A GLIMPSE AT THE BOY,

and a continual stream of visitors kept pouring in and out of the room the whole morning. About half-past 10 o'clock two brothers of Christian K Ross, Messrs John S., and James Ross called at the hotel, and were immediately shown to the apartments of Sheriff Coffin. After examining the boy carefully both these gentlemen said in a very doubtful manner, "We do not think he is the boy." About 11 o'clock a gentleman named J Goodheart, a neighbor of Mr Ross, called, and after looking at the boy for a few moments he said

"THAT IS CHARLIE ROSS,"

and immediately ran out of the room. An attempt was made to interview this gentleman by a reporter, but he was repulsed by the gentleman, who was laboring under intense excitement, with the remark. "I won't say another word. I know it is Charlie Ross"

Here is the story of the detective. He evidently believes that he has found the kidnapped boy.

"MR. ROSS DESCRIBED CERTAIN MARKS

that his son Charlie had on him and this boy," said Mr. Bechtel, turning to the little fellow, "has them all. Here is a little cut right over the left eye. The scars are turned forward as though they had been bandaged. He has been vaccinated on the left arm. His hair is dark at the roots, and he has a small cow-lick on the left side of the forehead where the hair parts. My attention," continued Mr. Bechtel, "was first attracted to the boy because I thought he was too fine-blooded to be in the possession of such a woman as Mrs. Wilson. For the past five months he has been

MINDING CHICKENS AND HOGS,

and half the time I did not know whether he was a girl or a boy—he was dressed in such a queer manner and always wore a sun-bonnet. I showed him a front view of Mr. Ross' residence in Germantown, but he did not appear to recognize it. I then showed him a quarter or side view and he said he used to live there. He appeared to recognize the house from the two stone gate posts which appeared in the picture. 'Over there,' he said, pointing to two trees, 'my aunty lived.' A Mr. Newhall, a traveling agent for a jewelry house and a friend of the Ross family, saw the boy and said that there was a strong family resemblance, and that he believed that

HE WAS THE BOY."

A gentleman, a merchant of this city, who called before the Times reporter left, said: "Charlie Ross has played in my store many a time, and I always thought I would know him if I saw him. This little fellow has the family resemblance, and is just about what Charlie Ross should be if he is living. If this ain't him I don't think he will ever be found."

A SAD STORY OF LOVE.

The story of Evangeline is repeated with wonderful fidelity in all details in the experience of a young French girl, a resident of Marseilles. She was engaged to a sailor to whom she was to be married on his return from a voyage to New York. He did not return, and after a year she got a berth as stewardess' assistant on one of the Havre steamers, to come here in search of him. On the passage a rich American lady became interested in her story, and resolved to help her find out her lover. In New York she learned that he had gone to Canada. For months she traveled about the dominion, sometimes close on his track, and again losing every clue of his whereabouts. She returned to New York, and one day, while standing at a Broadway crossing waiting her turn to get across, she saw the object of her long search on the other side. She shrieked his name, and ran into the middle of the street, but a policeman caught her and saved her from the wheels of the strings of vehicles. "Angel of God there was none," and she never again saw the Gabriel she had so long sought and so nearly found. She learned then that he had sailed for San Francisco, and she went overland to California to meet him. Arrived on the Pacific coast, she learned that her lover had fallen overboard just outside the heads and been drowned. Meanwhile, the body of a young man dressed in sailor's clothes was cast ashore on the beach, carried to the coroner's office, and not being identified, was interred in the public cemetery. A water sodden pocketbook was taken from the dead man, which contained only a few letters written in French and unaddressed. The girl, hearing of this, went to the coroner's office and found that the letters were hers. The waves had tardily and partially recompensed her devoted search, and she was able to find the grave of her lover.

TWO ACTORS ON THEIR MUSCLE

Sothern, the great "Dundreary" tells a wonderful story of having laughed a man to death at one of his Dundreary performances. He says: "On another evening a man [illegible] pit perfectly solid through the first two acts. Suddenly he began to gurgle—you couldn't call it a laugh—but the people laughed at him so that he interfered with the play. I whispered to the prompter to send a policeman to remove the man. When the officer reached the spot he found a corpse The man had literally laughed himself into apoplexy. Strangely enough, on that same night and at about the same hour—for we compared notes—while Boucicault was playing the "Colleen Bawn" at the Adelphi theatre, a woman under the influence of deep emotion gave birth to a child. In one case it was resulting from an excess of humor and in the other the effect of strong pathos. So you see Boucicault repaired what I did. I killed a man and he had one born. So there was nothing lost.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Osman Pasha an East Tennesseean—Hemboldt's Trouble with his Brother—Davenport's Burial—Capture of Crazy Horse, Etc

OSMAN PASHA'S IDENTITY.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—The Post claims to have additional evidence that R. Clay Crawford and Osman Pasha are identical.

SALE OF THE NORTH AND SOUTH RAILROAD.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Sept. 5.—The North and South narrow-gauge railway was sold yesterday to the Columbus and Atlanta air-line railroad company, for $40,000. The road is operated for twenty-one miles and is well equipped. The state had indorsed its bonds for $240,000, and it was sold because of default of the interest. A company in this city bought it, and will extend it ten miles. The line was intended originally to extend from Columbus to Chattanooga.

DAVENPORT'S FUNERAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The funeral of Davenport took place this morning from Dr. Chapin's Universalist church, and was witnessed by an immense throng of people.

Wardell & Co.'s sandpaper factory, Brooklyn, is burned. Loss, $24 000. A large number of boys were ousted.

A cable dispatch reports the pope's illness as increasing.

CAPTURE OF CRAZY HORSE.

CAMP ROBINSON, Sept. 5.—Crazy Horse, who escaped alone, in the direction of Spotted Tail agency, was captured at that place last night.

A SUIT BY HEMBOLDT.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Albert L Hemboldt has brought suit for injunction to restrain his brother, Henry T. Hemboldt, from infringing on his trade mark. The plaintiff's case is that from 1862 to 1872 he manufactured for his brother a medicine named buchu; that Henry T. Hemboldt was declared a bankrupt and the trade mark was sold to plaintiff. On argument in the supreme court to-day the answer of the doctor was read denying all of these statements and saying that plaintiff was merely a clerk and servant of defendant; that the trade mark never was in the assignees hands and never was sold. The court reserved its decision.

THE MASSACHUSETTS GREENBACKERS.

BOSTON, September 5.—The independent greenback party of Massachusetts had a mass convention and nominated Wendell Phillips for governor, and a full state ticket.

MORTON'S CONDITION.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Dr. Bliss has returned from Indiana. In an interview with a reporter of the Nation, Dr. Bliss expresses the opinion that Morton will not be able to attend the extra session, but believes he will be able to attend the regular session.

GOLDSMITH'S TIME.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 5.—Goldsmith's Maid against time—2:21 ; 2:20 ; 2:19.

The fire convention elected Wm. Stockwell president.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Titiens has not rallied from Saturday's relapse. Condition serious.

IN LIQUIDATION.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The Harlem bank went into voluntary liquidation. At a meeting of the stockholders it was resolved to pay the depositors in full.

NEW YORK FAILURE.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Phillip Steiner, tea and coffee dealer, has failed and made an assignment. His liabilities are $200 000. The causes of the failure are numerous, but unfortunate real estate speculations are the principal.

THE FEDERAL CITY.

Letting Cornell Alone—A Consultation Relating to Sitting Bull—French Resumption Compared with American

WASHINGTON, September 5.—It is stated that in case neither the owners of the logs nor the government bond them and they are sold as property liable to waste, Secretary Schurz has determined to have his agents in Calcasian to buy them in on the government account.

The president may spend a day at Shelbyville, Tennessee.

The Republican, speaking of the cabinet action in the Cornell matter, has the following, which indicates that the president himself, the highest civil service officer, is not disposed in the exercise of his high functions to obey his own order: The president, while standing firmly in his decision, is nevertheless considerate of the interests of the republican party in New York, and will allow the matter to remain in statu quo a few days longer.

Surgeon Charles R. Greenleaf has been relieved from duty in the department of the gulf.

The reported change in the collectorship of Chicago is premature.

McCrary, Evarts, Schurz and Lawrence were in consultation at the war department to-day over Sitting Bull. The commission meets at St. Paul on the 12th instant, where they will receive instructions regarding the conduct of the commission.

The following eminates from high financial authority: Constant allusion is being made to the policy of France in regard to resumption as being different from that adopted here, when the truth is, that country has been acting upon the very policy that the United States is pursuing, but France is reducing her circulation much more rapidly than the United States. The bank of France has withdrawn its circulation during the last nine months to the amount of at least twelve million sterling, or sixty million dollars, and has accumulated coin in about the same ratio, and is now practically at specie payments and would no doubt formally resume but for the unsettled condition of the silver question, which is far more disturbed there than here.

Kenneth Raynor appeared in the police court and plead guilty to assault and battery, and was fined twenty dollars. The judge does not show any the worse for his recent scuffle. He made a long statement under oath in elaboration of that telegraphed Monday.

Good News.

No more Chills and Ague in this section. Our Druggists are selling an article called "AGUE CONQUEROR." It is about the only satisfactory preparation sold for the cure of Fever and Ague, Dumb Chills, Intermittent or Bilious Fevers. The Proprietor of the AGUE CONQUEROR has used but little energy to make this medicine known, and yet its sales is immense in Ague Districts. It purifies the blood, Liver, and other secretery organs so effectually that the Chills do not return even persons had them for years. Entirely vegetable preparation. Price, 50 cents and $1 00 per Bottle. Two doses will stop the chills For sale by all first class druggists in the United States.

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CAMERON'S SOREHEADS

THE SCABBY SHEEP OF PENNSYLVANIA IN COUNCIL.

A Little Neutral on Mr. Hayes, but Caustic on the Peace Policy Democrats—They Want the Dollar of the Daddies Resumed—Riding Two Horses on Capital and Labor.

HARRISBURG, September 5.—The republican state convention assembled in the hall of representatives, at noon, and was called to order by A. W. Norris, secretary state committee.

Wm. H. Armstrong was elected permanent president.

J. P. Sterrott was nominated judge by acclamation. There is a contest over the minor places on the ticket.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions reported the following which were adopted:

Resolved, First. While we recognize and respect the difference of opinion existing among us as to the course pursued by President Hayes towards the south, we are heartily in accord in honoring the patriotic motives which have guided him and in hoping that the results of this policy will be peace, good will and the complete recognition of the equal rights of all men in every section of the country, and to the efforts of his administration to carry into effect the principles of the platform upon which he was elected, we pledge our hearty and cordial support.

Second. The electoral commission having been created at the urgent solicitation of the democratic party, and after the repeated declarations of its leaders in both houses of congress that no faction could cavil at its decisions, we witness with profound astonishment the assaults of that party upon the august tribunal of its own creation because its decisions disappointed the expectations of official patronage, which assaults so far as they seek to impair the confidence of the people in the just title of the president to his high office, are equally childish and foolish, but may become extremely mischievous in assisting to diminish the respect for the decision of lawful tribunals.

The third resolution calls upon members of the state and national legislatures to assist the return of prosperity to the country by adopting such measures as will conduce to that end.

The fourth and fifth resolutions oppose any grant of more than 160 acres of land to any one person, and also opposes the reissue of patents by act of congress.

Sixth. That the long and successful existence, under the laws of congress, of the double coin standard warrants us in demanding an early repeal of the legislation which demonetized silver and established an almost exclusive gold standard, and we therefore favor a return to the free use and unrestricted coinage of the dollar of 1798, and the restoration to the position it held as a legal tender during the eighty years of our national existence, thus preserving the equality of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, keeping both in circulation.

The seventh resolution endorses the administration of Governor Hartranft.

Eighth. We are in favor of law and against lawlessness, and anarchy with all their attendant horrors and crimes. Equal rights in making laws, impose equal duties in obeying them when made, and we tender our hearty thanks to Governor Hartranft and the officers and soldiers of their commands for the prompt, and we hope, the effectual suppression of the lawless disturbances which recently occurred in this state.

Ninth. That we hold in equal respect the rights of capital to control its investments, and of labor to determine the value of its services: that we deprecate any assertion by violence of the rights of either, and we assert it as the duty of all parties to hold their respective rights within the just limitation of the law, and that any attempt to coerce either by unlawful means should be promptly repressed by such lawful authorities as the exigency demands.

The remaining resolutions, except the eleventh, which favors a protective tariff, relate entirely to state affairs.

THE RUINS OF NEW YORK.

Conflicting Rumors Regarding the Loss of Life in the Great Fire—The Scene of the Disaster a Wilderness of Ruins

NEW YORK, September 5.—The Evening Post furnishes the following: The scene of the great fire at Thirty-fifth street and Tenth avenue, yesterday, was this morning a wilderness of ruins. The burned area between Tenth and Eleventh avenues extends from the middle of the block on the north side of Thirty-sixth street. In addition, a number of buildings were gutted or damaged on the west side of Tenth avenue. A considerable number of spectators assembled to-day, but they were kept at a distance from the ruins by the police. The ruins resemble those of a burned town. Blackened walls still stand at irregular intervals, the spaces between being covered by immense piles of brick, fragments of iron, large and small, twisted and warped out of all resemblance to the original beams, girders or machinery, of which there are only relics. Only one engine was at work to-day, close by the remains of the engine which the firemen were obliged to abandon yesterday. Near by lay iron wheel ties and a few other relics of the new hose carriage, abandoned with the engine. The lack of water yesterday was due to the small size of the mains in the neighborhood, which were laid in the days of hand engines, and are only six inches in diameter. This morning the hydrants furnished only about five pounds pressure apiece, instead of twenty to twenty-five. Among the relics were the remains of a cart and blackened skeleton of a horse in the yard of Hunt's pickle factory. The team was all ready to be driven away at the time the fire cut off means of escape.

A CONTRACTOR'S MISFORTUNE.

David Shannon, who occupied apartments at 512 West Thirty-fifth street, and who left his room at the outbreak of the fire, was caught in the crowd and was unable to return till the building was in flames. He is a contractor, and took home two thousand dollars in greenbacks the night before, after bank hours, in order to pay his workmen yesterday. He had placed the money under his pillow, and it was burnt up.

Reports in regard to the loss of life by the fire are as

CONFLICTING

to-day as they were yesterday. Many persons still believe a large number of bodies will finally be dug out of the ruins of Hale's piano factory. Others believe the loss of life comparatively slight. Among the latter is Captain Unshburn, who thinks the workmen in the upper stories had time to escape to the roof of the new factory before the latter took fire and down its stairways to the street. He says that the old factory was burning fifteen minutes before the new one, which adjoined it, and was of equal height, was reached by the flames.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

The first convention of the American library association was held to-day at the association hall, Justin Windsor, of the Harvard library, presiding. There were over fifty members present, including Wm. F. Poole, of the Chicago library; Charles Evans, of the Indianapolis library; John N. Dyer, of St. Louis; the librarians of Yale and Congress. The chairman made an address congratulating the members on the progress made and predicting a useful future.

AN INVESTIGATION ORDERED.

The board of aldermen to-day voted to investigate the causes of the fatal westside fire. The commissioner of public works was authorized to lay larger mains in the vicinity of the fire, as in the opinion of the aldermen much of the loss of life and property was due to the insufficient supply of water.

UNDER DIAZ.

The Latest From Mexico—In Full Sway—Not Anxious for United States Recognitions.

HAVANA, September 5.—A British steamer from Vera Cruz brings the following:

CITY OF MEXICO, Sep. 5—The authority of Diaz is apparently maintained throughout the country. All the Mexicans except those who seek office and live on revolution appreciate the firmness shown by the president. Gomez Palacco, a member of Iglesias ministry returned unmolested to Durango and will support the Diaz government. Senor Iglesias is expected to arrive by the next packet, and will not be disturbed. It is rumored that ex-President Lerdo is to be tried for high crimes against the constitution committee during his administration, and General Escobedo is soon to be tried for treason.

It is expected that the disturbances in Tepiebe can be easily suppressed. General Mannel Gonzales has been ordered to that quarter to restore quiet.

Carlos Olaquibel has been appointed consul at San Francisco, and Pedro Gonzales consul at New Orleans.

Senor Zamacoana, who declined a position in the cabinet, was elected to the national senate by the state of Puebla.

Messrs. Frisbic and Vallejo are still in Mexico. Mr. Frisbic denounces as false the assertion that he is an agent of Secretary Evarts, but many well informed persons refuse to credit his denial.

The Journal El Organo de Los Estados, a newspaper, declares: The United States must recognize President Diaz or withdraw their diplomatic and consular corps. There is only one government in Mexico to be recognized. The recognition or non-recognition of the United States will not alter the facts. The recognition will not retard negotiations, nor will the non-recognition bring about any concessions."

This language shows plainly the anxiety for recognition—an anxiety which is general.

Fifteen hundred more troops have arrived here from Spain and also eleven hundred at Santiago de Cuba.

THE BATTLE-PLAINS.

An Advance Upon Plevna—Servia Standing Back—A Russian Attack Repulsed.

LONDON, September 5.—A rumor is current here this morning of the Russian's advance on Plevna. It may be true, but it looks like a canard based upon General Scobeloff's capture at Lovatz.

VIENNA, September 5.—It is regarded certain that Servia will not participate in the war until Russia shows a more promising front.

Mahemet Ali must have 160,000 men within and about the Turkish quadrilateral. Sixty thousond of these are required for garrison and to guard the line toward Dobrudscha, which leaves 100,000 for field operations.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 5.—A dispatch received to-day announces that Ahmed Pasha yesterday repulsed a Russian attack at Kudikoi, near Rustchuch. The Russians, it is stated, lost 1,000 men. According to intelligence from Suleiman Pasha's army, the Turks have obtained still further command of the Gabrova road to Schipka pass; cannonading is going on between the hostile batteries in the pass.

LONDON, September 5.—The Times' correspondent at Schipka pass, says: The Russians have made a fine road up the pass, which would never have been done had they not intended to use it for the passage of a large army into Roumelia when the proper moment arrives; new bridges and other improvements are still being made, affording evidence that they adhere to their original intentions.

VIENNA, September 5—The Russians are providing material for winter quarters for 200,000 men, and the engineers are ordered to prepare for a regular seige of Rustchuk.

Russian official report of the casualties at Schipka pass: killed; 1,200; wounded, 3,000.

THE STEAM NAVIGATORS.

The Sixth Annual Convention of the Tars.

PITTSBURG, PA., September 5.—The sixth annual convention of the National Board of Steam Navigators met, Thos. Clyde, of Philadelphia, occupying the chair; General Wm. L. Zimes, of Philadelphia, secretary.

Delegates were present from Baltimore, Boston, Buffalo, Burlington, Vt., Charleston, S. C., Evansville, Cincinnati, Jersey City, Louisville, Newark, New Haven, New London, Ner Orleans, New York, Norfolk, Philadelphia, Portland, Providence, Savannah, St. Louis, Vicksburg, Cairo and Wilmington, N. C.

Colonel J. M. Schoonamaker, on behalf of the resident committee, tendered the delegates the hospitality of the city, and said it gave him pleasure to announce that during their stay in the city they would be the guests of that committee.

The chairman, on behalf of the convention, returned thanks.

The executive committee asked until to-morrow to submit their report.

At 4 o'clock the board visited the Eads dredger, the only boat of the kind in the world.

Apologizing for the Sergeant.

New York Commercial Advertiser.

Sergeant Bates' attempt to commit suicide is not strange. If that valiant object of the worst jokes of the last twelve years had devoted himself to some honorable pursuit instead of tramping around the world with an American flag, the chances are that he would not have been driven to attempt suicide.

—Atlanta owns five weekly papers in Georgia. We are going to give the names shortly, and add to the list as the developments come out.

THE SUCCESSION.

AFTER BRIGHAM WHAT?—WILL THE CHURCH DIE OUT?

The Disintegration of Mormonism a Slow but Sure Process—John W. the Probable Successor—His Unbelief in Mormonism—The Complex System of Mormon Government.

Special Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

COLUMBUS, September 1.—As might have been expected, the world is curious to know who will be Brigham Young's successor, and who will get his cash. As to the former, allow me to say there is a general misunderstanding. It is not at all necessary to the civil polity of Mormondom that any successor should be appointed. It was three years after Joe Smith's death before Brigham became his successor. And as to the property, there is no law in Utah to fully cover it. The custom has been, when a polygamist died, for the church authorities to take charge and divide the property according to their notions of equity. The widows, if not too old, married some other polygamist, the boys scratched for themselves, and the minor children were supported on some principle not known to Gentiles. From the first the saints (male) bought and sold real estate without the signature of any wife, first or tenth, but when Gentile courts and lawyers began to take a hand, some of them (not all) maintained that the common law right of dower inhered in all American territory, despite the silence of the statutes. Accordingly a few legal wives came in for their rights, and

CUT OUT THE POLYGAMOUS WIVES

entirely. To head off the legal wives the Mormon legislature of 1872 passed an act abolishing dower in direct terms. But in one of the first statutes passed (in 1851, I believe,) occurs this clause: "Illegitimate children and their mothers shall inherit as if legitimate." This is held by some lawyers (not all) to cover the case of polygamous wives and children. It is almost the only law in Utah which specifically recognizes any property rights in married women. It need not be said that from the dawn of Saxon civilization the common law everywhere takes it for granted that there can be but one legal wife at a time, one widow and one family, one domicile and one line of direct descent. Hence it has proved practically impossible to apply the common law in Utah. The attention of woman suffragists is respectfull called to the fact that the only territory in the world where all the women vote (they do not all in Wyoming) is also the only civilized one which has no marriage act and no dower law.

It would seem, that if the legitimate children choose to do so they can take the whole estate. They are as follows: Mrs. Ellsworth and Mrs. Decker, daughters of the first wife, have each a numerous offspring; and Mary Ann Angell had five children, Brigham, Joseph, John, Alice and Luna, making seven legitimate children, all with considerable families. I should say Brigham's legitimate offspring must number at least sixty, as there are several great grandchildren in that line. His property in no way connected with the church, may aggregate $800,000; though he swore it in a year ago at $600 000, and ten years ago at $250,000. But there is nearly a million more of which the legal title is vested in him, while the real ownership is supposed to be in the church; such as the "church fields," "church head," etc., in various parts of the territory. Again, by the rules of the

"ORDER OF ENOCH,"

hundreds of Mormons all over the Territory have deeded their farms to him as trustee-in-trust, they having "consecrated" it and now holding it as "stewards of the Lord." Again, during the many years he was in active business, Brigham frequently traded between himself and the church, trustee-in-trust exchanging property with the man; and it is not to be supposed that he allowed the fiduciary capacity to get the better of the individual. All this will give rise to some interesting questions. When the saints left Nauvoo, the widow of Joe Smith flatly refused to deed to the church any property held by the prophet; and in Brigham's case, I fancy it will take a Philadelphia lawyer to get an entering wedge between the legal and merely equitable title. A good deal depends on the honesty of young Brigham and John.

As to the succession, no rule has ever been established, either by revelation or custom. Joe Smith once ordained his son Joe to be "a king and priest in his stead," and the "Josephites" now acknowledge him. Before the death of David Hyrum Smith, his father prophesied that "this son who is to be, after a season, etc., will lead the people" David Hyrum is a poet and an artist, as pleasant a gentleman as I ever met, but he could no more "lead" the church as it now stands in Utah than a delicate, timid scholar could have commanded the army of the Potomac. Young Joe, as he is famiarly called, is a good citizen, a fair sort of man, not too modest; and I apprehend that if there is a break up most of the foreign born saints will eventually take him as a leader. The third son of old Joe, Wm. Alexander Smith, is a pretty good preacher, but claims no authority to lead anybody. For many years Brigham

RELIED ON YOUNG BRIGHAM

to succeed him, and tried hard to lick "the fat boy" into shape, but it was a hopeless case. The younger man is a great, fat, lubberly "poke," about as handsome as a bag of meal tied up ugly. Brigham gave him up years ago, and turned his attention towards Joseph A. But the latter looked upon the "valleytan" when it was red, and in 1875 died of "whisky-cramp."

John W. Young was then an apostate, having discarded his polygamous wives, and married a Philadelphia lady. By Brigham's efforts he was brought back, rebaptized, and made first councilor, with the full understanding that he was to be the successor. He believes in mormonism no more than you or I, but since his reclamation has married some more wives to to give him standing in the church. His — treatment of the other polygamous wives was simply infamous; but, all things considered, I think it would be best for the territory that he should succeed. He would let the people down slowly from their fanatical heights, and relax the ecclesiastical bonds so gently that there would be no unnecessary suffering He couldn't rule the people as Brigham did, if he would. His first trouble will be the settlement of that estate If that property is divided without a row it will be a wonderful triumph of Mormon grace. But will he succeed to the presidency? I'm afraid not. The people doubt his Mormonism. They want a man with more fanaticism.

Among the Twelve Apostles there is but one man even remotely capable of succeeding Brigham, viz: George Q. Cannon, present delegate in congress. He is at once fanatical and unscrupulous, cautious and energetic. If the precedent made by Brigham is to be followed, then Orson Hyde, president of the Twelve Apostles, will succeed. But he is utterly incapable, a constitutional blunderer, given to all sorts of red hot prophecies, which are falsified before they are a year old. The most dangerous man of the lot is

LIEUT. GEN. DANIEL H. WELLS,

Brigham's second councilor, a bloodthirsty bigot, who would like nothing better than to drive every obnoxious Gentile out of Utah. Fortunately there is small chance of his succeeding, for he would involve the territory in war before twelve months. John Taylor is the more common sensible apostle, but he has grown rich and conservative. I doubt if he would make an effort for the place, or take it if it were offered him. Orson Pratt is the most learned of the twelve, but he is a dreaming astronomer whose head is among the stars. This ends the list of even the possibilities. There is, then, no man fit to succeed, unless the Mormons can take kindly to John Young and forgive all his backslidings, they will have to be governed by the twelve apostles as they were for some years after Joe Smith's death, and this for an indefinite period, until some one rises with ability to take control. In the end I am inclined to think those who hold out faithful will find themselves adhering to one of the sons of Joe Smith, for they alone have prophecy in their favor. Nobody need hope that Mormondom will suddenly dissolve. I lack space to show why, the mass of the people must hold together; but for years to come they dare not dissolve. Two or three thousand men and four times as many women are in polygamy; they must stick to an institution which confers a sort of respectability on their condition. Twenty thousand young people are of polygamous birth. As long as possible they will sustain laws and social customs which make them legitimate. Two hundred Mormons have committed murder. Once break the solid aligument that now exists, divide them into sects fighting each other, and the Gentile courts would have these men on the scaffold in two years. Of those not in polygamy, nine-tenths have a sister or a daughter in it. They cannot cut loose and stigmatize their near relations. In property matters they are inextricably entangled. By the "Order of Enoch," the "consecration of property," and the "perfect oneness in Christ," their homesteads have been deeded back and forward, tied over and under and criss-crossed, so there is no getting out till all are willing to go and settle things on a basis of pure equity. The apostates must have a clear majority of three to one before they can do anything, for

THE ELDERS HOLD THE STRINGS.

Through every part of the social organism runs a complex set of stringers which will bind it together till all the old Mormons die. The process of disintegration may be rapid enough to end it in ten years, but I doubt it. And then at least half of them still believe the faith; the women being twice as fanatical as the men. It may interest some people to know that the *mens conscia recti*, of which some religionists boast, is but a trifle to the women's *conscia recti*; and both are always the strongest in the lower religious types. Or, in plain English, the bigger fool a man is the more positive is he that he knows the design of God, and other things being equal, the woman is more positive than the man.

Nothing used to vex us more when I lived in Utah than the amiable folly of certain eastern people who imagined that this or that or the other trifling agency would put an end to the theocratic tyranny. But above all others we were annoyed and hindered by the nonsense of those who fancied the Mormon women would effect a revolution by their votes! Who does not know that if the women were opposed to polygamy it could not exist anyhow? It is pure folly to lay the blame of that institution on the men alone. If any odds, the women should bear the larger share of the blame; for, if there is any difference, they are the more persistent in it. There is not one young woman in fifty who marry polygamists, who does not confidently believe she will always be the favorite. Others' experience is of no value in things of this nature. The women, that is the mass of them, are uncultured, gross, and fanatical; they will vote against polygamy after it has weakened from other causes, not before. By a singular train of reasoning I have heard people in this country maintain that "if women could only vote they would smash the saloons at once!" Just as if the women of a country would or could carry out a policy which a majority of the men did not approve. Allow me to propound a conundrum: Where did you ever hear or read of the women of any race, nation or tribe, organizing as a body to overthrow the established social organization? When women suffrage was established in Utah it simply gave Brigham Young 11,000 more votes to do as he pleased with. Now that he is dead the twelve apostles will have the casting of those votes. That's the beginning, middle, and end of that.

ADAPTED TO POLYGAMY.

Another axiom is in point. The growing society follows pretty closely the analogy of the human body. Introduce a foreign substance, and an effort is made to expel it; if unsuccessful, the organism at once begins to accommodate itself thereto, and does it or dies. Similarly, whatever custom or social anomaly you introduce into a society, that society immediately begins to adapt itself thereto, and in a surprisingly short space of time all the petty observances and habits of thought are adjusted on a basis to fit the custom. We think the one-wife system alone to be natural; but four-fifths of the human race are familiar with the many wives system. In Utah a whole generation has grown up under it; it would outlast this generation simply by acquired momentum if there were not some powerful disturbing cause. Add to this that scores of the leading Mormons have committed crime at some portion of their lives, and then try to imagine them as divided into two or three warring factions, and the Gentiles cutting in between, using one faction to play off against the other. They will never do it. They will continue to present a solid front [illegible] they can manage the juries and thwa the courts; and all simply beca they must.

Meanwhile old Mormons will die young ones grow up infidels. M girls will run away to mining sometimes to marry Gentiles, often to practice polygamy with troublesome intervention of the John Young, if he succeeds, w mish around for some more w maintain the priestly dignit time. And slowly, steadily, ten years, the system wil with immense misery and The social fabric will for a into chaos, and Utah will pas a season of moral storm be better day comes.

Another Eclipse of Fa

Another blow at the por tions of the day. A c reports Secretaty Evarts that he is not the happy fa daughters. He has a daughters and and six so many a good story, and career of many a joke th repeated more than a hun Chicago Inter-Ocean.

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per line each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement of three lines, which costs but thirty cents, is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two Stores, one on Whitehall and one on Broad streets. Apply to W P. Inman. 144 sep6 d2t

FURNISHED LODGINGS TO LET—A very pleasant room for one or two gentlemen, at $15 per month. Street cars pass every 15 minutes. References required. Apply at Taylor's Eagle Drug Store, No. 9 Peachtree street. 143 sep6..d5t

STORES TO RENT—We have several Stores to rent. Can suit wholesale or retail men. E. F. & J Hurt, 44 Marietta street. 145 sep6...d2t

FOR RENT—The most desirable residence in Atlanta 58 Washington street. Apply to G. P. Guilford. 52 Whitehall street. 422 aug26..sun tues thur dtf

FOR RENT—One large Brick Store House, well located and well arranged for wholesale or retail grocery store, on Peachtree street G. W. Adair, Real Estate Agent. 98 sep4...d3t

FOR RENT—That elegant Store House and Basement corner Line and Pryor streets Apply to J. W. English. 315 apr21..dtf

LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT to Rent under DeGive's Opera House, 32 Marietta street Apply to L. DeGive. 307 july15...dtf

WANTED.

WANTED—One set of second-hand Photograph Implements complete, cheap for cash. Address R. W. Martin, Adairsville, Ga. (0) sep6..d1t

WANTED TO RENT—We want for a good tenant a Cottage of five or six rooms Rent one year. Price between $20 00 and $30 00 E. F. & J Hurt, 44 Marietta street. 145 sep6..d2t

WANTED—An active experienced business man and Georgian, with good reference, desires a situation in wholesale or first class retail house or will enter in partnership with good party for the purpose of doing Tobacco or Book and Stationery business. Address S W., Constitution office. 141 sep6...d1t

WANTED—A situation as Book-keeper or Salesman. J. P. McDonald, late with Morrison, Bain & Co. 139 sep6..d4t

WANTED—A good turner. H C. Hansen, Barnesville, Ga. 138 sep6 d1t

WANTED—At this office, a boy from 15 to 17 years of age, and who has served not less than two years at the business. One with some knowledge of Job Printing preferred. sep6 d6t d h

WANTED—A position as housekeeper, matron or governess. Excellent nurse in sickness. No choice of locality. Address Matron, this office. 97 sep3..d3t tues thur sun

WANTED—A 3 to 4 Gallon Milch Cow. Apply to No 183 McDonough street. 56 sep2—tf

WANTED—50,000 pounds Dry Peaches. Mark W. Johnson & Co., 32 Alabama street, Atlanta 534 aug30...dtf

WANTED—Printing of all kinds, from the smallest card to the largest poster, books, etc., executed at the lowest prices and best styles, at The Constitution office. aug1...dtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Sash, Doors, Blinds. Bankrupt sale. We have a large lot of the best quality, embracing all the usual sizes, that we will sell at cost. W Jennings & Co , 38 Decatur street. 46 sep2—sun,tues,thus tf

CHROMOS AND FRAMES, Wholesale and Retail. Cheapest in America. E P. & L. Restein, Publisher. 51 and 53 Peachtree street. Dealers and Agents buy here 92 sep4..deod3t

FOR SALE—Three Hundred bushels Red Rust Proof Oats, by E. A. Robertson & Co , No. 100 Peachtree street. 524 aug29...dod5t

RARE CHANCE—For sale, the store and fixtures of an established Millinery and Fancy Goods business in one of the healthiest towns in Georgia. Terms reasonable. Wishing to retire reason for selling. Address P. O. box 150, Athens, Ga 1 sep1..d10t

FOR SALE—The neatest and most conveniently arranged Drug Stores in Atlanta. Prominently located on one of the main thoroughfares of the city. Filled with a choice selection of French, German and American Drugs. Small capital required. Address S. D. W., care of this office, Atlanta, Ga. 556 aug31..d1w

FOR SALE—Seed Wheat, Oats, Rye, Barley. The Grasses, Clover, Lucern, &c. Mark W. Johnson & Co., 32 Alabama street. 534 aug30...dtf

FOR SALE—Steam Engines, Gins, Presses, Cane Mills and Evaporators, Sheet Copper, &c. Mark W. Johnson & Co. 524 aug30...dtf

FOR SALE—1,000 bushels Orchard, Blue, Timothy, Herds, and other Grass Seeds, Red Clover, Lucerne &c. Mark W. Johnson & Co. 534 aug30...dt f

CARRIAGES.

SPENCE & JARVIS have for sale, and make to order, fine Carriages. Buggies, Light Wagons, &c. Repairing promptly attended to. 44 Line street. 000 july25..dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GRASSES.—We have just issued a circular for free distribution among our customers, on the subject of *Grasses for the South* how to sow them and when? and best varieties to select; and all needful information touching their cultivation. Sent to any address on application, with price list. Mark W Johnson & Co., 32 and 34 Alabama street, Atlanta. 534 aug30 dtf

FAMILIES needing servants with good testimonials can be supplied at Moffett's Intelligence Office, 37 Alabama street. A Swedish cook wanted. 64 sep2—sun,tues,thurs,sun

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LOCKS, HINGES, &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street. 430 aug28...deodtf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Money by not having your Binding, Ruling, etc., executed at The Constitution Book Bindery. Blank Books manufactured to order. may20...dtf

FOUND—Out that all kinds of Job Printing can be as neatly, cheaply and quickly executed at The Constitution Job office. may20...dtf

AUCTION SALES.

SOME valuable articles, such as Sofa and Velocipede, &c., are to be sold at Powell's Auction, 22 Peachtree street, at ten o'clock a m. 146 sep6...d1t

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6.

GEORGIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION.

In Pamphlet form. Price, Five Cents at Counter, or Six Cents by mail

CONSTITUTION PUB. CO.

NOT BAZAINE BUT CRAWFORD.

A short time ago some sensation monger started the story that Osman Pasha, the one invincible commander of the Turks, was Bazaine, the disgraced ex-marshal of France.

This story is exploded by the following letter which was contributed to the Courier-Journal from a source that it believes eminently worthy of credit:

MT. WASHINGTON, KY., September 2.—I see by a cable telegram in the Courier-Journal that Osman Pasha, of the Turkish army, is believed to be General Bazaine, late a marshal in the French army. This is a mistake. I happen to know very well who Osman Pasha is, as I have corresponded with him for several years, and have received letters from him since he has been given command of a division of the Turk- h army. Osman Pasha is an American, a na- e of Hawkins county, Tenn. His name is R Crawford. He was colonel of a regiment illery during the late war between the He afterwards entered the service of the overnment of Mexico, and was made a of division. He created a considerable e capture of Bagdad, Mexico, passing over the Rio Grande from the Texas finally quarreled with Juarez, the resident, and returned to the United a large fortune. He resided for sev- t a beautiful country seat on the Philadelphia. His restless dis- him to seek excitement, and he entered the service of the khedive of Egypt; was soon after transferred to the service of the sultan and commanded the Turkish army at Plevna.

L. B. WICKLIFFE.

The former journal gives some additional particulars concerning this wonderful man. According to its account it appears that he was sent to West Point by Andrew Johnson, and shortly afterwards expelled for reckless behavior. After his expulsion, he fell in love with a pretty girl that he persuaded to go traveling about with him. One night the pair put up at Wrightville, Va., where they roomed near an old cattle dealer who had a large pile of money. During the night Crawford slipped into the dealer's room, stole his money and returned to where his lady-love was sleeping. The dealer missing his money hastened into the young cadet's room and found him and his mistress sitting up in the bed counting over the money. He was at once arrested and was put in the Virginia penitentiary. In some way or other he got out of the penitentiary and reached Nashville, where his old friend Andrew Johnson was military governor. Johnson put him at the head of a regiment, and sent him into the army. It is said that he sold two hundred of his men to a substitute broker, and having pocketed the money resigned and went to Mexico. He won great distinction there, and superintended the execution of Maximilian. He then went to New York where he became a Wall street operator, and soon became a millionaire. He married a beautiful and wealthy New York lady, and going to Philadelphia he purchased the famous Biddle estate, where he lived in princely luxury for a short time. He frequently became moody and discontented however, and in 1870 he mysteriously disappeared and has not been heard of since.

It now appears to be certain that he is one and the same with Osman Pasha, the most famous of the Turkish commanders, and the only one that has whipped the Russians every time he has encountered them. A more wonderful history than his could hardly be invented.

THE ISRAELITES IN TURKEY.

A dispatch has been received at the department of state from the United States minister to Turkey, giving interesting details concerning the number, status and persecution of the Israelites in the Ottoman empire. The total number of Israelites in the empire is given at 500,000. Of this total Roumania contains 250,000, Asiatic Turkey 80,000 European Turkey 75,000, and Servia' 2,000, etc.

The United States minister says that justice to the Turks compels him to admit that the Israelites have been better treated by the Ottoman than by many of the western powers, and that the impression prevails that they are better treated in the empire than the Christians. They are recognized as an independent religious community, with the privileges of their own ecclesiastical ruler, their chief rabbi, Chacbam Bashi, possessing in consequence of his functions great influence. The Turkish minister of foreign affairs protested to Mr. Maynard that where Turkish rule obtained the Israelites always enjoyed every privilege and immunity accorded by the law to the Ottoman subjects. The only maltreatment of Israelites which has been brought to the notice of the United States legation at Constantinople during the official term of Mr. Maynard was that of the Rabbi Sweersohn, an American citizen. On the 28th of November, 1874, the rabbi was set upon by his own coreligionists, certain Jews at Tiberias, robbed of a considerable amount and most shamefully maltreated by being imprisoned, stoned, stripped naked and ridden in that condition through the streets of Tiberias, barely escaping with his life. The United States consul at Bierut went to Tiberias and had the perpetrators arrested. Some claimed British protection and escaped by flight; the friends of the others assembled, overpowered the authorities and rescued them. The legation at Constantinople then took up the subject, and it was being satisfactorily pushed as fast as possible, under the circumstances, when the rabbi, doubtless tired out and impoverished, left for France, and in his absence nothing further could be done. The position which the Israelites hold in the empire, the complex system and situation, and the heterogeneity of the races by which they are surrounded, the state of civilization and religious animosities which prevail, the little authority exercised by the Ottoman government over the provinces, even in ordinary times, (protesting that it should not be held responsible for abuses in the provinces,) render the whole subject not only difficult of solution, but even difficult of explanation. Some of the Israelites claim to be under British protection, some others have been under Russian protection, many hold themselves as an independent people, owing no allegiance to any government, and it is only when persecuted or outraged they seek the protection of any or all human powers. While all governments, notably the United States government foremost of all, are most anxious to extend the necessary sympathy and protection, international questions and equities interfere with and prevent that full protection which they would receive were they fixed citizens of any government. The United States minister at Constantinople has requested the consular officers of his government throughout the Ottoman empire to observe carefully the condition of the Israelites within their several jurisdictions, and to report to the legation at Constantinople without delay any instances of persecution of that people which may occur.

A COLUMBUS (Ohio) dispatch to the New York Tribune says the anti-Hayes republican committee are in receipt of a large number of letters from nearly every county in the state commending the movement begun there one week ago. Several of the letters are from men heretofore active workers in the republican ranks, who stood prominent in their counties. Gen. Beatty, a former member of congress, the leader of the movement is firm in the conviction that at least 20,000 republicans in Ohio will refuse to vote the state ticket.

"REPUDIATION" IN GEORGIA.

The New York Commercial Advertiser a few days ago complimented us on the nerve we displayed in inviting the Wall street "financiers" to do their worst so far as the so-called repudiation of the bogus bonds issued by Bullock. The commendation was intended to be severely sarcastic, and it was sarcastic, but it is difficult to tell whether the New York editor intended to ridicule the Wall street financiers or THE CONSTITUTION. It is certainly no great feat for either Georgia or the newspapers which represent her to defy financiers who are the tools of such men as Jay Gould and Henry Clews, for, during the next century or so, or as long as the state government remains in the hands of Georgians, it is not likely that Georgia will call for any loan which will not be promptly responded to by her own people. As for her bonds which are now upon the market and upon which she is paying interest, if the Wall street financiers don't like them they have only to pour them back in the jug, as General Toombs says. They have only to bundle up the securities and send them back to Georgia, where they will find a ready market. There are thousands of capitalists in the state who are ready to take them. In the meantime, it is really amusing to read in the newspapers, especially those which wear the Wall street collar, gloomy predictions as to Georgia's credit. It is refreshing, in the midst of all this stuff and nonsense about "repudiation," to find such sound views as the following in a paper as able and as thoroughly posted in the matter as the New York Financial Chronicle:

"Next comes the Georgia constitutional convention and the provision adopted two weeks since forbidding the legislature to pay certain state obligations; this has been very widely circulated as positive evidence of an increasing insensibility in the south with regard to their contracts, and a growing want of faith with their creditors. Long homilies have been written, and by newspapers that should know better, deprecating this new instance of repudiation and lost honor; and yet, the bonds of Georgia are quoted to-day in Wall street higher than they were just previous to the action of the convention. Surely there must be something wrong in this, or else capital has put a premium on repudiation. But a very slight examination into the facts and circumstances seems to clear up the mystery, for it appears that that the only thing actually done was to incorporate into this proposed constitution what the people by a vote in May last incorporated into the old one."

FOR RATIFICATION

Colonel Styles, of the Gainesville Eagle hoists the banner of ratification. Speaking of the new constitution, he says:

It curtails the expenses of the government nearly $200,000 annually, and that extent lightens the heavy hand of the tax gatherer. It grapples counties and municipalities with an iron hand, and puts an eternal stop to their imbecile and merciless levies, and in this particular will save millions to the people. It reduces the homestead, virtually, to $300, and turns loose the chained honesty and throttled credit of the people. It locks the door of the exchequer, and makes every man a sentinel to guard it. It settles the bond question forever, and provides for the payment of the state's indebtedness. It reduces the terms of office and simplifies official responsibility. It re-establishes the best judiciary system ever devised by man, and places appointments and elections just where they ought to be. It remits the granting of private charters to the proper tribunal, provides for the consolidation of local legislation, and prohibits class and privileged legislation. It gives the chief executive all the power he ought to have, and prohibits the legislature from doing those things it ought not to do. It takes care of private rights and private property, and guards with parental watchfulness and eternal justice the liberty of the citizens and the sovereignty of the people. It builds school houses, sends forth the schoolmaster, elevates the masses, strengthens christianity and promotes civilization. It gives security to property, prosperity to industry and peace to the commonwealth.

What matters it, then, if our ideas of official compensation are broader than those of the economists who differed with us on the subject of salaries? What matters it that we held views upon the policy of state aid different from the overwhelming tide that swept our theory away forever? What matters it that the homestead feature is not what we would have had it? What matters it that we doubt the policy engrafted upon the instrument with reference to railroads? What matters it that we sympathise with the victims of the remorseless guillotine? These are but "trifles light as air" when weighed 'gainst the good that kicks the beam.

THE HEATHEN CHINEE.

The Chinese merchants of San Francisco have been reported as suggesting to Senator Morton a head tax of $100 upon all Chinese arriving in this country, to be applied to the transportation homeward of such of their countrymen as wish to return. They also propose to get the steamship companies to charge double the passage money toward America that they do from it. The New York World remarks that "the Chinese merchants of San Francisco are probably the contrivers of the immigration which they profess themselves desirous to check, and that the prejudice against Chinamen is mainly due to a suspicion in the public mind that the emigrants are Hong Kong coolies, virtually owned by the six companies. If such is the fact the question naturally arises, why should the assistance of the government be invoked to stop immigration which would cease the moment these bland speculators stopped paying the passage of men unable to leave their own country?"

A report just made by the inspectors of the eastern penitentiary of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, shows that the failure to teach young men an honorable trade has quite as direct a tendency to lead them to become criminals as a lack of general education. Of one hundred eighty prisoners admitted during 1876 under the age of twenty-five years and convicted for the first time, one hundred and thirty-five could read and write, and one hundred and thirty had attended public schools. Of this number one hundred and thirty-seven had never been taught any trade.

How Infinitely Superior is the fragant and wholesome SOZODONT to the gritty tooth powders and chemical fluids formerly used upon teeth, but which abraded and corroded the enamel and induced decay. The SOZODONT, on the contrary, preserves, at the same time it beautifies, the teeth. sep3 deod1w&w1t

FACT AND COMMENT.

WAITER, a dozen raw.

THE oyster vacation is over.

MISS MELISSA WILSON, of Sheridan, Oregon, is famous as a panther killer.

PROF. HALL, the discoverer of the two new satellites of Mars, was once a carpenter.

THOMAS JEFFERSON'S birthplace, Shadwell, Albermarle county, Virginia, is advertised for sale.

IN GREECE it is known by the way a woman dresses her hair whether she is married or single.

BISHOP GROSS, of Savannah, passed through Baltimore on Saturday en route from Ilchester to Annapolis.

ELI PERKINS sympathizes with the Bulgarians. This is the worst blow they have received.

THE average destruction of life in Great Britain from drowning now reaches over 4,200 per annum.

WHEN they want to praise a stump speaker out in Ohio they say his voice has the ring of a silver dollar in it.

WE know a shrewd farmer who made a fortune cultivating weeds. They were a widow's.—New Orleans Times.

THE rumor that Osman Pasha is Marshal Bazaine is pronounced absurd. Osman is well known to those who know that he is not Bazaine.

IT is suggested that one reason why Californians hate Chinese so is because the latter introduced the fashion of having shirts washed at least once per week.—Detroit Free Press.

STAGE-MANAGER to call-boy: "John, see if the ballet are all dressed." John. returning: "Yes, sir, about ready, they've nearly got their clothes off."—Brooklyn Eagle.

GOVERNOR HAMPTON, of South Carolina, is to be the orator at the fair of the Virginia state agricultural society, and Hayes has been invited to attend.

THE Russian government gave 2,140,500 roubles (about $1,606,500) for the years 1876 7 for the support of seven universities.

MRS. SPILKINS thinks Grant must be popular in Paris. She notices they've even named an avenue after him, the Champs Ulysses.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

A WOMAN who keeps a hotel at Demson, Texas, claims to be a lineal descendant of Sir Francis Drake, and has a $4,000 diamond knee buckle which once belonged to the great admiral.

A WOMAN in Baltimore wears a purple clothing only, her undergarments even being of that color. She believes that she is a princess, and must wear royal purple. In other respects she is the same.

NO man can see a fashionable lady make a dive for the bottom of her dress without fearing for the moment that she is going to use her train to knock a fly off her bonnet.

ONCE again the happy time has come when the law allows the restauranter to set before you a pint of milk with a little oyster taking a bath in it, and he calls it a stew

ANTIQUE lace is all the range. If it looks like an old sheet run through a threshing machine and then dipped in a mud hole it is all the "antiquer."

GAMBETTA is the exact reverse of a man of action—that is, of immediate, direct action; he is a man of active thought, whose thought is to be carried out by the acts of others.

THERE is a young Jewess residing in London, an orphan, whose property is valued roughly at forty millions of pounds, giving her an income of ten millions of dollars annually. She is one of the Rothschilds.

MISS SUSAN DEW, although quite advanced in years, lives like a hermit near Romney, West Virginia. Her home is in the mountains, far away from other dwellings, and she often makes excursions into the mountain wilds, remaining for days.

SOME one says that there is a difference between a woman's smile and a man's smile. There is—a wide difference sometimes. A woman's "smile" is seldom stronger than soda water, while the man's "smile" is seldom weaker than whisky and water.—Norristown Herald.

THE Cincinnati Enquirer nominates "Private Dalzell, Gail Hamilton and Dr Mary Walker as the commission to visit Sitting Bull." Well, we agree to it. After what Sitting Bull has done he deserves no mercy.

SITTING BULL is like Cateline, as interpreted by Artemus Ward. He has gone, but maybe he has come again." Or like Metamora, for he may say: "You are going to send for me —I am here. If you don't want me, I will not go back again."

PUBLIC interest at Salt Lake City concentrates on Brigham Young's will. He was a kind and numerous husband, but if he remembers all his children in his will it will be more than he could when alive.

IN requesting a waiter at Mansfield to pass him the mustard, Mr. Secretary Sherman explained that he spoke for himself alone, and did not wish to be understood as representing the wishes or preferences of the president. The mustard was then passed—the waiter stating that the act, on his part, had no political significance.—Burlington Hawkeye.

A YOUNG man from Connecticut writes home a glowing description of life in the Black Hills. He says that the sunsets are beautiful, the atmosphere delightful and money so plentiful that he made $500 in a single day. He incidently adds that he expects to be hung for robbing a stage coach.

"I ALWAYS play by ear," said a western journalist at a social gathering, when invited to bang some music out of a piano. "Good gracious!" exclaimed an artless girl, with rural simplicity, "you have pretty big ears, that's a fact; but they don't look long enough to strike the keys unless you saw a couple of inches off the legs of the piano stool"

THE consumption of horse flesh in Paris begun during the reign of the commune, is steadily increasing. During the past six months of the present year the butchers who deal in meat of this kind killed 5 283 horses, donkeys and mules, while during the first half of 1876 only 4,422 were killed. There are more than fifty shops devoted to the sale of this meat.

BOWLES, of the Springfield Republican, is not bothered a bit by Gail Hamilton's attacks. He says: "As a kicker Gail Hamilton shows capacity for brilliant rivalry with Sara, of the Soldene troupe. Their kicking is rather startling in its vigor, and somewhat brilliant in its personal exposure, but it is also in both cases in hitting nothing"

THE New York Times regards Stanley Matthews as a mysterious individual. It says: "We all know that he first appeared last November a full-grown, middle-aged statesman, who knew everything and assumed the authority to which his unlimited knowledge gave him a right; but of his career previous to that date no man knows anything"

THE recent death of the grandson and last male relative of the poet Schiller has led to the statement that there is not now living a single descendent in the male line of Chancer, Shakespeare, Spencer, Milton, Cowley, Butler, Dryden, Pope, Cowper, Goldsmith, Scott, Byron, Moore, Sir Phillip Sidney, Sir Walter Raleigh, Drake, Cromwell, Hampden, Monk, Marlbourough, Peterbourough, Nelson, Stafford, Ormond, Clarenden, Addison, Swift, Johnson, Walpole, Bolingbroke, Chatham, Pitt, Fox, Burke, Gratton, Canning, Bacon, Locke, Newton, Davy, Hume, Gibbon, Macaulay, Hogarth, Sir Joshua Reynolds, David Garrick, or Edmund Kean.

ON one of the islands off the coast of Maine is a gigantic schoolmistress seven feet high, weighing three hundred pounds, strong in proportion and very handsome. Once she was sent off to reduce to order a school of savage young men, who thrashed their teachers and turned them out. Her advent was enough to make them meek as lambs, all save one young man of 21, handsome and curly-haired, and who regarded himself as a privileged character. He began to cut up one day before the girls, whereupon, in the twinkling of an eye, the handsome giantess bowed him across her knee and spanked him with her ruler. The boys laughed, the girls tittered, and that was the end of that young man's spranks.

THE Pope's jubilee yielded the holy father money to the enormous amount of 16,476 381 francs, which will be disposed of as follows: Four millions will be paid into the funds of the holy see; four millions will be given to the present and former servants and soldiers who have remained faithful to the pope, and their families; four millions will be employed in restoring monumental churches, and in executing works of recognized utility; the balance of $4,476,381 will be distributed to charitable institutions, and to aid the clergy and religious orders in the poor parishes.

THE following remarkable personal item, relating to the Selover-Gould affray, appears in LeGalois, of Paris: "The Major Selover is a man robust and of lofty stature. M. Jay Gould is, on the contrary, short and spare. He, it will be remembered, had a quarrel a few years ago with a M. Fisk, another financier whom he killed in a hotel with a revolver."

ANY young man who is matrimonially inclined will do well to notice that a gipsy chief, whose band is traveling in Wisconsin, offers his beautiful daughter in marriage to the youth who will produce the requisite moral and social credentials. He will give $20,000 dowry to boot, but it won't be well to boot the daughter.

AN Oakland huckster bought a fine mule at auction on California st. last week. He paid $140 for it, and christened it Martin Luther. After trying for three days to put its harness on from a second story window, the owner resold it yesterday for $14, on long time, and under the style and title of "Sara." It was purchased by the city government, and will henceforth be used to suppress riots. It is calculated that when backed gently but firmly into a mob, the business end of the faithful animal will be equal to four Gatling guns and a howitzer.—New York Tribune.

GEN. INCOMPETENT HOWARD is supposed to be still pursuing the Nez Perces, though nobody knows where he is nor where the Nez Perces are. Gen. Sheridan gives us the official news that the Nez Perces are said to be on the east fork of the Yellowstone, in Montana, and he makes the remark that Howard also should be there. Gen. Howard is a fraudulent Christian soldier. He should have been relieved two months ago from the command of a campaign in which he has wasted the lives of his troops, squandered money, butchered women and children, and brought disgrace upon the country.—New York Sun.

AGRICULTURAL.

MALCOLM JOHNSTON, EDITOR.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.—1. Address all communications for this department to Malcolm Johnston, Esq , Atlanta, Ga.

2. Write on one side of a sheet only.

3. Always give true name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.

TRANSPLANTING TURNIPS.

If imperfect stands of turnips are had, they may be pulled up from places where they are too thick, when the ground is wet, and transplanting in missing places the same as sweet potato slips. Particularly may this be done in the case of ruta bagas, which, when transplanted, show greater thrift than those grown where the seed was originally planted. We advise all them to fill out their stands, at the first good rain, by this method, which will be found more satisfactory than replanting.

THE COMING STATE FAIR.

The state fair is an event in the near future—being now only six weeks off. The arrangements for its opening, and the varied details of its management are perfected. The indications in the secretary's office show an unmistakable interest by the people of Georgia in the exhibition, and so far as these can predict, the success of the fair is an assured fact. The citizens of Atlanta, with characteristic generosity, have raised by subscription a large amount to be offered for racing—a feature, which with a considerable number of our people, will add much to the attractions of the fair. Aside from its superior advantages as a great school for imparting information concerning the various industries and resources of the country, our annual state fair is really the great gala occasion of the state which her people meet to celebrate in festivities and social re-unions. Like gatherings at the olympic games of Greece, friends come to meet friends, traders to find customers, magnates to mingle with the multitude and all to see and be seen.

To the farmers especially do we now appeal to begin their preparations for the fair. Make your arrangements to come with your families and bring something of your products or handiwork to swell the exhibition, so that the ides of October shall open upon an exhibition worthy of the great empire state and her progressive people.

THE FORMS OF PHOSPHORIC ACID AVAILABLE AS PLANT FOOD.

BY PROFESSOR H. C. WHITE.

[Read before the Georgia Agricultural Society, Spring Meeting, 1877.]

EXPERIMENT NO. 1.

Compost of the following proportions:

Phosphate flour............................34 pounds
Cotton seed..................................31½ "
Garden earth.................................40½ "

Occasionally moistened with water free from phosphoric acid.

The following table exhibits the character of the compost at different periods, from analyses of average samples. The results are calculated to the same per centage of water—7.421—that of freshly made compost:

	Fresh made	After Standing.			
		8 mo	1 mo	19 mo	24 mo
Phos. acid, sol in pure w't'r...	——	0 309	0.412	0 413	0 225
Phos acid, sol in soil water..	1.231	3.940	5.310	5 628	5.406
Phos. acid, insoluble	9 373	6 300	4 842	4 517	4 931
Tot'l phos acid	10 604	10.549	10 564	10.558	10 562

EXPERIMENT NO. 2.

Compost of following proportions:

Phosphate of flour..........................100 pounds
Fresh stable manure.......................100 "

Allowed to stand, sheltered from rain, but exposed to the weather otherwise. Considerable heat manifested at the beginning of the experiment and noticeable throughout nearly two months. Compost not watered artificially.

The following table exhibits results at different periods, calculated to per centage of water—40.654 in freshly-made compost:

	Fresh Compost	After standing.			
		3 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12mos
Phos ac. so'ble in pure water	0.052	0.682	0.714	0.709	0.712
Phos ac. so'ble in soil water..	1.268	6.420	6 892	6.347	6.961
Phosphor. acid insoluble	14.042	8.426	7.859	8.273	7.711
Total phos phoric acid	15 362	15.528	15.465	15.329	15.384
Nitrogen	0 322	0 218	0.220	0 213	0 213

EXPERIMENT NO. 3

Compost of the following proportions:

Phosphate flour..............................100 lbs.
Rotted stable manure.......................100 lbs.

Conditions same as in No. 2. Slight heat developed during early days of the experiment. Percentage of water in fresh compost, 38 461. Results as follows:

	Fresh Compost	After standing			
		3 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12 mos
Phosphoric acid, soluble in pure water	0 159	0.231	0.306	0 424	0.411
Phosphoric acid, soluble in soil water	1.543	3.412	3.628	4.106	4.096
Phosphoric acid, insoluble	14.107	12 28	11.412	10.456	11.117
Total phos phoric acid	15.809	15.923	15.346	14.986	15 624
Nitrogen	0.211	0.218	0.206	0.224	0.198

EXPERIMENT NO. 4.

Compost of the following proportions:

Phosphate flour..............................100 lbs
Green cotton seed..........................100 lbs

Conditions same as in preceding. About two gallons of water added in the beginning. Considerable heat—more than with No. 2—developed, extending through six weeks. Percentage of water in fresh compost (before adding water) 6.343.

Result as follows:

	Fresh Compost	After Standing			
		3 Mo	6 Mo	9 Mo	12 Mo
Phos. Acid Sol. in pure water.	——	1.186	0 217	0.306	0.328
Phos. acid sol in soil water..	0.915	2.573	3 981	4.522	5.021
Phos acid insol.	14 848	12 671	10.988	10 797	9.901
Total phosp'ric acid	15 763	15.430	15.186	15 625	15.250
Nitrogen	0.876	0 315	0.284	0.263	0 304

EXPERIMENT NO. 5.

Compost of following proportions:

Phosphate flour..............................100 pounds
Decomposed cotton seed..................100 "

Condition same as in preceding. No water added. Very little heat developed during the experiment. Per centage of water in fresh compost, 15.112. Result as follows:

	Fresh Compost.	After Standing.			
		3 mo	6 mo	9 mo	12 mo
Phos. acid. sol in pure w't'r...	0 007	0.128	0.312	0 408	0.426
Phos. acid, sol. in soil water	1 241	2.065	3.175	3.724	3 842
Phos acid in soluble	13 562	12.337	10 699	10.596	10 043
Total Phospho phoric acid	14.810	14.530	14.186	14.728	14 311
Nitrogen	0 405	0 391	0 316	0.321	0.324

EXPERIMENT NO. 6.

Compost of following proportions:

Phosphate flour..............................100 pounds
Fresh stable manure.......................50 "
Green cotton seed..........................50 "

Condition same as preceding. Small amount of water added. More heat evolved than in any other experiment. Per centage of water in fresh compost, 28.641. Results as follows:

	Fresh Compost.	After Standing			
		3 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12 mo
Phosp'ric Ac'd sol'ble pure wtr	0.120	0.485	0.568	0.572	0.568
Phosp'ric Acid, sol'ble soil watr	1.062	5.725	5.934	5.965	5.831
Phosp'ric Acid, insoluble..	14.627	9.922	9 062	8.949	9.322
Total Phospho ric Acid ...	15 709	6.132	15.564	15.486	15.721
Nitrogen	0 765	0 365	0.325	0 297	0 311

EXPERIMENT NO 7.

Compost of following proportions:

Phosphate flour..............................100 lbs
Fresh Stable Manure.......................80 lbs
Kainet..20 lbs

Conditions same as in preceding. No water added. Considerable heat evolved. Percentage of water in fresh compost 69.212. Result as follows:

	Fresh Compost.	After Standing			
		3 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12mos
Phosp'ric Acid, sol'ble pure wt	0 041	0.386	0.413	0.520	0.518
Phosp'ric Acid sol'ble soil wtr.	1.159	4.621	4 836	5.025	5.482
Phosp'ric Acid insoluble..	13.85	9.225	8.712	8.437	8.406
Total Phospho ric Acid...	14 05	14.232	13 961	13.982	14.406
Nitrogen	0 29	0.250	0.218	0.18	0.201

The per centage of nitrogen in each compost at the different times was determined and the results obtained are given above, not that these have any connection with or influence upon the matter now under discussion, but because the figures may perhaps be profitably employed hereafter in the investigation of another question, viz: the influence of composting upon the retention or dissipation of nitrogen in the composted materials.

Without discussing the above results in detail—as a careful examination of each experiment will yield its own information for itself—it may be stated, in general, that it may be almost conclusively established that composting such as described above, is capable of converting a considerable proportion of insoluble phosphoric acid into a form soluble in soil water and available as plant food.

At the instance of Mr. Barnett, of Wilkes, the following statement of the increase in money value of the different composts is appended. In calculating this increase the following money values—believed to be approximately correct and fair—are employed, the prices being cash in Savannah, Ga.:

	Per 100 lbs.
Phosphate flour	$ 0 80
Cotton seed (green or decomposed)	50
Stable manure (fresh or decomposed)	10
Insoluble phosphoric acid	4 50
Phosphoric acid, soluble in pure water	15 50
Phosphoric acid, soluble in soil water	15 50
Kainit	1 25

Basing the estimates only upon the proportions of phosphoric acid and their values, we have:

Experiment*	Actual Cost per ton of fresh Compost,	Estimated com. val. Fresh Compost	Estimated Money Values			
			3 months,	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
No. 2	$ 9.00	16 73	29.60	30.65	29.32	30 78
No. 3	9 00	17.97	22 36	22.46	23.9	23 98
No. 4	13 (	16.2	19.96	22.90	24 68	25 49
No. 5	13.00	16.47	17.90	21.44	22.34	22 27
No. 6	11 00	16.52	28.18	28.31	28 32	28 23
No. 7	11.30	16 19	23 82	24 11	24 78	26.17

*The money value relations of Experiment No 1 have already been discussed. See proceedings of meeting at Thomasville, February, 1875.

Estimating the value of the process under discussion by the experiment which gives the least favorable results (No. 5), we find that an outlay of $13 for a ton of compost yields, at the end of 12 months, a ton of material worth $22.27.

As a matter of fact, a ton of the phosphate flour alone is worth $16. After treatment with sulphuric acid, in order to render the phosphoric acid soluble, a ton of the superphosphate formed, of a strength approaching that of compost No. 5 at the end of 12 months, could not be purchased for less than $20. So that the least favorable view of the compost treatment presents this choice to the planter:

To pay $12 at once for a certain good fertilizer, or to pay $13 now for another article (compost) which, at the end of 12 months, will be worth at least $20.

ORCHARD CROPPING

In answer to "Oliver" upon rye as an orchard crop, I would say that the best authority we have ever known upon orchards—Andrew Jackson Downing—said that "three continuous crops of rye would ruin any orchard;" and our experience coincides with his. There are worse crops than rye, but they are very few. Clover is worse, particularly the second cutting. Corn fodder is likewise more injurious than rye; and in each case the damage is received by the orchard in the degree that these crops perfect their seed. Either of these crops is good to plow under as green manuring. The color of the trees change in twenty-four hours after the crop begins to be a damage from a green color to definite yellow—then is the time to "turn under," when in forty eight hours thereafter, the trees resume their healthy, green appearance, and improve in darkness of green color until the mangres are exhausted. Our long experience teaches us that rye, barley, corn and clover are the cheapest manures to use, and when followed by rotation of a root crop, potatoes, etc., no damage, but profits will ensue.—Walton, Shaker's, Albany Co., N. Y., in N. Y. Tribune.

FARM NEWS AND NOTES.

—If you want eggs and chickens only as fast as you can get them, procure the Leghorns for layers, and the Brahams or Cochins for sitters and breeders.—Poultry World.

—I find that six bushels of peas are equal to ten bushels of corn for fattening my hogs, and that peas yield a larger number of bushels to the acre than corn.—Toronto Globe.

—An "Insect Society" organized at Grand Haven, Mich., seems to be doing good work. Before the organization went into effect not five per cent. of the fruit was saved from the depredations of insects. Now more than seventy-five per cent is matured. It shows that insect enemies may be circumvented—Prairie Farmer.

—An old-style farmer had his eyes opened to the utility of "book farming" lately, by a suggestion, that even sand and swamp muck, properly applied, would increase the production of his stiff clay land from fifty to seventy-five per cent. He was tempted to try the experiment and found it resulted even so.—Rural New Yorker.

—An English gamekeeper found an owl's nest with one young bird in it. He visited it for thirty consecutive mornings, and in that time removed from it one hundred and five rats, forty-nine mice, eleven shrew mice, two robbins and one sparrow. This was, and well it might have been, over and above what the owl's consumption demanded. —Hartford Times.

—The average crops of German millet in this latitude about this season of the year, and farmers cannot be too careful as to their mode of saving this valuable forage plant. It should always be cut before it matures its head. The proper time is when the seeds have assumed the perfect form of the head and are yet in the green or milky stage. In this condition the stalk is green, tender and succulent, retaining all its native juices in the dessicated state.—Georgia Register.

—The "Baby's Best Friend" is the most appropriate title for Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. It is absolutely free from Opinion, Morphia and other powerful agents, is perfectly safe and reliable under all circumstances and by allaying the usual Stomach and Bowel Disorders of Babyhood keeps the child from fretting and crying, so injurious to itself and annoying to all. Price 25 cents.

Hymeneal.

HOLMES—FAY—Married, September 4th 1877, in St. Philip's Church, Atlanta, Georgia, by the Rev. R. C. Foute, John B. Holmes, of Charleston, S. C., to Georgia A., eldest daughter of Calvin Fay, Esq., of Atlanta, Ga.

Funeral Notices.

PINCKNEY—The friends and acquaintances of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Pinckney are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their daughter, Miss May Pinckney, from their residence, 91 Walton street, this evening, Thursday, 6th inst., at 3½ o'clock

JONES—The friends of Mr. B. F. Jones are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his wife, Mrs. M. H. Jones, at the Sixth Methodist Church, at 1:30 this afternoon. September 6, 1877.

New Advertisements.

CHAS. F. STUBBS,
(Successor to Groover, Stubbs & Co.)
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
General Commission Merchant
AGENTS FOR THE
QUITMAN FACTORY YARNS.
94 BAY STREET,
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BAGGING, TIES, ROPE and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal cash advances made on consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports.

Mr. A. A. WINN, Cashier and Correspondent of the late firm of Groover, Stubbs & Co., has an interest in this business. 131 sep6..dtf

GEORGIA, Milton county.

Ordinary's Office, September Term, 1877.

WHEREAS, William Morris, executor of the estate of Shade Morris deceased, having been discharged from his executorship of said estate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said Shade Morris, and that in terms of the law, administration with the will annexed, will be vested in the Clerk of the Superior Court, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless some valid objection is made to his appointment. Given under my official signature.

W. H. NESBIT,
Ordinary.

133 sep6...w4w

GEORGIA, Milton county.

Ordinary's Office, September Term, 1877.

WHEREAS, W. D. Rucker and J. N. Dorris, administrators of the estate of James Dorris, deceased, have applied for leave to sell the land belonging to said estate, for distribution:

This is, therefore to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections if any exist, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will be granted the applicant as applied for.

W. H. NESBIT,
Ordinary

136 sep6..w4w

GEORGIA, Milton county.

Ordinary's Office, September Term, 1877.

WHEREAS, H. I. Seale, administrator of the estate of J. T. Waters, deceased, applies for leave to sell the land belonging to said estate, for distribution:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will be granted the applicant as applied for.

W. H. NESBIT,
Ordinary.

135 sep6...w4w

GEORGIA, Milton county.

Ordinary's Office, September Term, 1877.

WHEREAS, H. I. Seale administrator of the estate of G. B Scott, deceased, applies for leave to sell the land belonging to said estate, for distribution.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will be granted said applicant as applied for,

W. H. NESBIT,
Ordinary.

134 sep6..w4w

The Georgia State Fair

Will be held in ATLANTA, beginning

Monday, October 15th, 1877

AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

LARGE and Liberal Premiums for Stock, Manufactures, Machinery, Agricultural Implements, Fancy Work of Ladies, Fine Arts and Farm Products are offered.

Premium Lists and other information can be obtained by addressing

MALCOLM JOHNSTON, Secretary,
Atlanta, Ga.

297 aug18..dtiloct15

Dried Fruit Wanted.

HIGHEST Market Price Paid for Dried Fruit, in Cash, at MARK W. JOHNSON & CO'S.
32 and 34 Alabama street
Atlanta Ga

158 aug10...d2taw4w

THE EXPRESS,
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.

LARGEST Circulation on the State Road Published in the best section of Cherokee Georgia. The Best Advertising Medium between Atlanta and Chattanooga Rates very liberal Address C. H. C. WILLINGHAM, Proprietor.

000 aug22..dtf

Military Clothing
ESTABLISHED 1824.

The oldest Military Clothing House in the United States. Long and favorably known in the Southern trade.

JACOB REED'S SONS.
301, 303 and 305 S. SECOND STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Military Companies, Bands and Colleges uniformed at the shortest notice. Satisfaction guaranteed in Cut, Style and Trimming. Prices reasonable.

Lithographs and directions for measurement, with samples of goods, &c., furnished on application. 469 july27..deod3m

Assignee's Notice.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of William R Wilson, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice once a week for three successive weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of William R Wilson, of Bairdstown, Greene county, Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. August 21st 1877.

H. G. LEWIS.

3?8 aug23..d1aw3w

NOTICE

ATLANTA, GA., August 31st, 1877.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of A. C. & B. F. Wyly expires this day by limitation.

A. C. WYLY,
B. F. WYLY,
J. G. OGLESBY

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS at their present stand, Nos. 51 and 53 Alabama street.

Mr. Oglesby will, for the present, remain with us.

A. C. WYLY,
B. F. WYLY.

11 sep1..dtf

Business Directory.

DR. JAS. ALLEN LINK,
Dentist,
63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street.
439 july24, 1877. d6m

D. SMITH
Dentist.
Office 66 and Residence 173 Whitehall Street
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
nov28.1876—d1v

Lawyers.

ANDREW BATES,
Attorney at Law
GRANT'S NEW BUILDING,
40 Marietta Street,
ATLANTA..........................GEORGI
71 apr8 1877 d6m

ASA M. JACKSON. L. W. THOMAS
JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
718 may9 1877..d1y

J. B. REDWINE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No, 14½ Whitehall street, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon, John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...dtf

GEO F. WOOTEN,
Attorney at Law
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I MAKE all kinds of collecting a SPECIALTY, and have in my employ efficient subordinates whose single duty is to assist in finding delinquent debtors, and by continued "dunning" making them pay. No charge for services attaches to any claim unless a collection is made. Office: In Railroad Block, (up-stairs) opposite National Hotel. 00 apr8,1877...d1y

R. A. MASSEY,
Attorney at Law
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Douglas, Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30,1877—d12m

B. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER.
BERNER & TURNER,
Attorneys at Law,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims. Refer to Wm. H. Head, Banker, Forsyth, Ga. Dumas & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga. feb1,1877—d1y

LEONARD PHINIZY,
Attorney at Law
S. E. Corner Broad and McIntosh streets,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

References by permission—J. M. Bradstreet, Son & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Wm. T. Wheless, President Commercial Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Alfred Baker, President National Exchange Bank, Augusta, Ga'; Hon. John P. King, President Georgia R. R. & Bk'g Co., Augusta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Y. L. G Harris, President Southern Mutual Ins Co., Athens, Ga. Claims collected in any part of the State. feb26,1877 - d1y

H. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law
MADISON, GEORGIA.

REFERENCES—Dr. Jno a Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo W. Adair. june9—dtf

LUTHER J. GLENN. HOWELL C. GLENN
L. J. GLENN & SON,
Attorneys at Law
HAVE removed their office to the rooms formerly occupied by Gartrell & Wright, in the Muhlinbrink Building, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. dec31—dtf

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar22—dtf

Educational.

Patapsco Female Institute,
TERMS, $300 PER YEAR.
Address Mrs. R. H. ARCHER, Principal,
276 july15- d3m Ellicott City, Maryland.

Georgia Female College,
MADISON, GEORGIA.

THE FALL TERM of this popular institution begins on Monday, September 17th, 1877, with a full corps of competent and experienced teachers. Board, fuel and lights, per session, $75 00. Music Painting and Languages extra. No charge for Calisthenics. For full particulars address MRS. GEO. Y. BROWNE, Principal.
49 aug4. d2m

Wesleyan Female College,
MACON, GEORGIA.
THE FORTIETH ANNUAL SESSION.

WILL BEGIN ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1877.

The advantages in the Literary, Musical and Art Departments are unsurpassed.

In point of health Macon is the second of all cities in the United States, containing as many as ten thousand inhabitants.

The price of Board and Regular Tuition for half the annual session is $125 00 to $140 00, which must be paid in advance.

There is an extra charge for Music, Drawing, Painting and French.

For Catalogue apply to
Rev. W. C. BASS, D. D., President, or
Rev. C. W. SMITH, D. D., Secretary.
267 july14...dtoct1

Augusta Female Seminary,
STAUNTON, VA.

THE largest first class institution for young ladies in Virginia, with an able corps of twenty-five teachers.

Opens the FIRST WEDNESDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1877.

For catalogues containing full particulars, apply to MISS M. J. BALDWIN, Principal, Staunton, Va.
315 july17..d2m

BALTIMORE SOUTHERN HOME SCHOOL. FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS. Established in 1842. Principals—MRS. WILSON M. CARY. MRS. GEN. JNO PEGRAM, Nos. 197 and 199 North Charles Street. French the Language Spoken.
349 july19...deod2m

Bellevue High School,
BEDFORD CO., VIRGINIA.

ON Va & Tenn. R. R , 15 miles west of Lynchburg. For boys and young men. Full corps of teachers. Instruction thorough and course complete. Most liberal provision for comfort and improvement of pupils. Sessions opens 15th September For circular of special information, address WILLIAM R. ABBOTT. Principal, Bellevue, P. O.
july10...deod2m

University of Georgia

THE 77th Annual Session of this institution will begin on the 3d of October, 1877. Scholarships in the State College of Agriculture and Mechanic arts are granted to as many students, residents of the State, as there are members of the General Assembly. In addition, 50 Beneficiaries are appointed in the Academic Department. Every branch of Liberal and Practical Education is taught. The Annual Session of Medical Department at Augusta, will begin on the first Monday in November. For Circulars apply to the Dean of the Faculty at Augusta. Ga. Board at $12 50 a month. For Catalogues and further particulars, address
WM. HENRY WADDELL,
Secretary of the Faculty, Athens, Ga.
338 aug21. d1aw&w1m

The Great Kennesaw Route.
OFFICE GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT,
Atlanta, Ga., September 1, 1877.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN
Excursion No. 3, and Last.

THE last of the series of excursions this season to Lookout Mountain will leave Atlanta September 10th, at 2.35 p m, arriving in Chattanooga at 8 p m, to supper, after which a dance will be given to the excursionists at the Stanton House.

After breakfast, September 11th, take carriages for Lookout Mountain, returning to Stanton House to dinner, reaching Atlanta at 10.15 p m, same day.

Fare for the Round Trip, including, R R Ticket, Hotel Bill and Carriage to the Mountain, only eight dollars.

A number of married Ladies will be in the party, whose names will be furnished upon application, who will take pleasure in chaperoning any young ladies desiring to go.

Mr John L Trimbie will accompany the party, and do all in his power to make the trip a pleasant one.

Please advise Mr Trimbie, or the undersigned, of your desire to join this Excursion. Respectfully,
B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent.
21 sep1—sep1,2,4,6 7,9

FOR SALE.

One Sawyer's Eclipse Cotton Gin, entirely new, for sale very cheap.

Will sell for barter. Address CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
89 may 20-d&w f

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—John Triplett hasn't come back from Tennessee.

—Pendleton, of the Valdosta Times, hasn't been in Morgan county for a long time, but he is in favor of Atlanta as the capital.

—Columbus had a right smart little fire the other night.

—The ablest of the western newspaper men are just beginning to get a glimpse of the fact that the Georgia mule is born with his heels in the air.

—The Old Capital is afraid all the country papers will be bought up at the rate of one hundred dollars apiece.

—The Griffin Sun has an account of a big singing at Tirzah.

—M. C. Graddy and H. M. Jossey, of Griffin, had a rencontre the other day, in which the latter was severely injured. He is unable to speak, and it is thought his brain is injured.

—Mr. Robert Longford, of Madison county, was kicked in the stomach by a mule the other day. The mule will never have an opportunity to kick him any more.

—The crop prospects in Lumpkin county are very poor.

—Dalton wants a poor house. Nearly every town in the state has several very poor houses.

—Two hundred and sixty thousand pounds of dried fruit have been shipped from Griffin.

—The Athens Watchman says that at the competitive examination held in Gainesville, on Saturday last, for the cadetship of Annapolis, from the ninth congressional district, Mr. A. W. Griffeth, of that city, was the successful applicant.

—Lumpkin Independent: The location of the capital will be one of the exciting contests of the forthcoming election, and already the war of words on the subject has begun. The friends of Milledgeville are crying aloud for a return to "the halls of our fathers" and are industriously engaged in trying to show that the public buildings there are in fine condition and all that. Atlanta, too, is not asleep or dead to the danger that might befall her in case her friends should remain idle spectators of the contest; but she recognizes in Milledgeville a formidable competitor for the honor of having her name in the largest letters on the Georgia maps. We greatly desired that Macon should have been included in the race and would have voted to make her the capital city; but as between Atlanta and Milledgeville we shall never sanction the removal of the seat of government back to that out of the way place, and shall advocate with what force we can command the cause of Atlanta in this race. If a place in the woods is desired for the location of the state house, and a nice, quiet, healthy town wanted for the state officials to tarry in, then above all other towns we know of Lumpkin is the place for both or all. We are for letting it remain where it is now, but if it must be moved, fetch it here, to a better place than Milledgeville by all odds.

—The following is a detailed account of the sad accident at Covington alluded to in our paper of yesterday: There are many painful and heartrending incidents in the life of a public journalist which it becomes his duty to record; but none have ever been more painful to us to publish than the one which occurred at Covington depot, last Sunday afternoon about six o'clock, by which Master Willie Dearing, eldest son of Captain W. P. Dearing, of Oxford, a bright and unusually intelligent little boy of about seven years, lost his young life. The circumstances which resulted so tragically and suddenly in little Willie's death, are about as follows: He and his little brother were visiting at Mrs. S. J. Echols' residence in Midway, near the depot with Master Charlie Echols. From the depot the three proceeded down the railroad track to the turn-table and engaged in turning it around and riding upon it, when Willie Dearing attempted to jump off, but in doing so sprang too far, losing his balance and falling back into the pit in which the turn-table is situated, was caught between the timbers of the table and the wall, and so shockingly crushed about the left shoulder and chest that death ensued in a few minutes. The table is large enough to take on a locomotive engine, and is so evenly balanced as to be very easily turned. They were revolving it, consequently, with considerable rapidity at the time Willie fell into the pit, and it was impossible for the other two little boys to arrest its motion in time to save him. When the table was rolled back he got up, walked a short distance over to the main track, and, in reply to their inquiry if he was hurt much, he said "no, not much; but I am blind, and can't see." A few moments later he said, "I can see now, but I am dying." Some colored women, who happened to be near, were called to the assistance of the little boys, and they carried him up to the depot, where he was taken by Mr. J. N. Stallings and Mr. J. C. Camp, who were fortunately there at the time, and carried to Mrs. Echols' house, where he breathed his last in a few minutes. As soon as possible, after the accident occurred, Dr. J. B. Hendrick was sent for, but death had done its work before he arrived. His death was a terrible shock to his parents and friends, and cast a pall of gloom over the entire community. He was perfectly conscious to the last, and spoke intelligently and calmly to those around him. His sufferings were of short duration, and comparatively not very severe, as the sudden shock had evidently paralyzed or deadened his body to such an extent as to neutralize the extreme severity of his suffering. He was buried in Oxford yesterday.

* * *

—Reliable help for weak and nervous sufferers. Chronic, painful, and prostrating diseases cured without medicine. Pulvermacher's Electric Belts the grand desideratum. Avoid imitations. Book and Journal with particulars, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Amusements.

Grand Calico Reception

BENEFIT

Ladies' Benevolent Home,

ATLANTA,

Nichols' Hall, Marietta, Ga.

Monday Evening, Sept. 10, 1877.

UNDER DIRECTION OF PROF. J. S. NICHOLS

COMMITTEE—Will J. Winn, O. A. Sanders, D. M. Bain, J. Bela Campbell, E. F. Hoge, W. J. Thornton, J. F. B. Beckwith, F. J. Northcutt, W. E. Ragan, Henry Hillyer, C. A. Pogaud, Henry W. Grady, John Lowry, A. J. Simpson, B. H. Hill, Jr., Henry Jackson, V. P. Sisson, B. W. Wrenn, C. T. Watson, W. H. Tuller, J. W. English

Dancing at 9 o'clock—Close at 2.

No person allowed in the Ball Room unless dressed in Calico. The Western & Atlantic R. R. will sell Tickets from Atlanta to Marietta for ONE DOLLAR the round trip. Special Train leaves Atlanta at 6 p. m. and returning leaves Marietta at 2:30 a. m. Supper will be served in the City Park by the Ladies for Fifty Cents each. It will be expected that the Calico Dresses worn on this occasion will be donated to the Ladies' Benevolent Home. The City Park will be Illuminated with Chinese Lanterns. The Marietta Brass Band will discourse charming music during the evening.

114 sep4..dtd

Dr. Tutt's Pills.

DR. TUTT'S PILLS

Meet the wants of those who need a safe and reliable medicine. The immense demand which has so rapidly followed their introduction is evidence that they do supply this want, and proves them to be

THE MOST POPULAR PILL

ever furnished the American people. The highest medical authorities concede their superiority over all others, because they possess alterative, tonic, and healing properties contained in no other medicine. Being strongly Anti-Bilious, they expel all humors, correct a vitiated state of the system, and, being purely vegetable, they do not, like other pills, leave the stomach and bowels in a worse condition than they found them, but, on the contrary, impart a healthy tone and vigor before unknown.

OUR WORDS INDORSED

Dr. C. L. MITCHELL, Ft. Meade, Fla., says: . . . *"I know the superiority of your pills, and want to see them used instead of the worthless compounds sold in this country."* . . .

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky., says: . . . *"Tutt's pills are worth their weight in gold."* . . .

Had Sick Headache & Piles 30 Years.
. . . *"I am well. Gaining strength and flesh every day."* . . . R. S. Austin, Springfield, Mass.

He Defies Chills and Fever.
. . . *"With Tutt's pills we defy chills. Illinois owes you a debt of gratitude."* . . . F. R. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE

Gray hair is changed to a glossy black by a single application of this dye. It is easily applied, acts like magic, and is as harmless as spring water. Never disappoints. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

Rule Nisi.

Sarah J. Jackson, et al, vs. Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, et al.—Rule Ni Si to establish a Lost Deed in Fulton Superior Court.

IT appearing from the return of the Sheriff and the sworn allegations in the above petition, that Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, a defendant in said case, does not reside in Fulton county; and it further appearing that she does not reside in the State of Georgia, it is ordered that the rule ni si be served on the said Mrs. Lucretia Jackson by publication in The Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette of said State, as required by law.

GEO. HILLYER, Judge S. C. A. C.

A true extract from the minutes.

W. R. VENABLE, D. C. S. C. F. C.

E. A. ANGIER, Petitioners' Attorney.

Sarah J. Jackson and her husband, T. C. Jackson, vs. Mrs. Lucretia Jackson et al.—Rule Ni Si.—Georgia, Fulton county—Petition to establish Lost Deed—Clerk's Office of the Superior Court.

SARAH J. JACKSON having by her petition filed in this office, set forth that James F. Jackson, formerly of said county, made and executed a deed, of which the following is a copy: State of Georgia, Fulton county.

This indenture made this 14th day of October, 1869, between James F. Jackson and Sarah Jackson, both of the county of Fulton, witnesseth: That the said James F. Jackson, for and in consideration of the sum of $400 00, in hand paid by the said Sarah J Jackson, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, doth, by these presents, give, grant, bargain, alien, sell and convey unto the said Sarah J. Jackson, her heirs and assigns, a certain lot of land lying in the county of Fulton and State of Georgia, and city of Atlanta, described and bounded as follows, to-wit: "Beginning at the northwest corner of Pulliam and Richardson streets, and running west along Richardson street 260 feet to a 10 foot alley, dividing said property from James Dunlop's lot; and thence north along the east side of said alley 180 feet; thence in an easterly direction across a large branch and up a small branch to Pulliam street: thence south 225 feet to the beginning point containing 1 3 10 acres, be the same more or less. To have and to hold the above granted and bargained premises in fee simple forever to the said Sarah J Jackson, her heirs and assigns; and the said James F Jackson will, and his heirs, administrators and executors shall, the said property to the said Sarah J. Jackson forever warrant and defend against the lawful demands of all persons whatever. In testimony whereof the said James F. Jackson, hath heretoset his hand and affixed his seal, the day and year first above written.

JAMES F. JACKSON [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of EZRA ANDREWS, N. R. FOWLER, N. P., F. C.,

and the said original has been lost, which is sworn to, should be established in lieu of the original. And it further appearing by the sworn allegations of said petition that James F. Jackson is dead, and his wife, Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, his legal representative, and that he also left surviving him two minor children, Anna and Jennie, for whom Alex. C. King has been appointed guardian ad litem by this Court: it is, therefore, ordered that the said Mrs. Lucretia Jackson and Alex. C. King, the said guardian ad litem for the two minor children, show Superior any they have, at the next term of first Monday Court of said county, to be held the should not be in October, 1877, why said copy should not be established in lieu of the original.

Witness the Hon. Geo. Hillyer, Judge of said Court, this 14th day of June, 1877.

JAMES D. COLLINS, Clerk.

E. A. ANGIER, Petitioners' Attorney

195 july10..d1am3m

Libel for Divorce.

Chas. Geer vs. Caroline Geer.—Divorce in Fulton Superior Court.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff that defendant does not reside in Fulton county, and it being represented to the Court that she lives beyond the limits of the State of Georgia: Ordered, that service be perfected by publication in The Atlanta Constitution as the law requires, and that defendant appear and answer or stand in default. April 16, 1877.

J. B. REDWINE, Attorney for Libellant,

A true extract from the minutes.

WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

45 may1...d1am6m

USE HOWARD HYDRAULIC CEMENT

FOR

Building Purposes,

SUCH AS

Bridges Foundations,

Cisterns, Vaults, &c

USED IN

Bridges and Culverts on Cincinnati Southern Railroad.

Send for circular.
Address G. H. WARING, Kingston, G
547 may1..d6m

Cook Wanted.

A GOOD COOK that can come with good references, can find a comfortable place by calling on MARK W. JOHNSON & CO., 32 and 34 Alabama street.

122 sep5..d3t

Onion Sets.

Jersey Wakefield Cabbage,
Bloomsdale Early Market Cabbage,
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch Cabbage,
Bloomsdale Brunswick Cabbage,
Drumhead Savoy Cabbage,
Dwarf German Kale,
Spinach, &c.,

Together with a large lot of
Grass, Clover,
Seed Oats, Rye, Barley, Wheat, &c., at
MARK W. JOHNSON & CO'S,
94 sep4..d3t 32 and 34 Alabama street.

GUARANTEED SPECULATION.

$400 invested by us in 60 days **Straddles** have made **$1,750**. **$100** have paid **$1,700** in **30 days**. We Guarantee all 60 day **Straddles**; Money refunded if no profit is made. References given. Correspondence solicited.

W F HUBBELL & CO.,
MEMBERS NEW YORK MINING STOCK EXCHANGE,
P.O. Box 2 613. 46 Broad St., N. Y.
26 sep2..d&w2m

BY AUTHORITY!

THE ONLY THROUGH CAR TO STAUNTON

—IS VIA—

CHARLOTTE AND RICHMOND.

SPECIAL arrangements have this day been concluded between the PIEDMONT AIR-LINE ROUTE and the CHESAPEAKE & OHIO R. R, by which a through special Lucas Sleeping Car will leave Atlanta for Staunton direct without change.

Young ladies expecting to attend either of the seminaries at Staunton will leave Atlanta on this through special sleeper Thursday afternoon, September 6th, at four o'clock arriving in Staunton at three o'clock A.M. Saturday, September 8th. This car being sent through to Staunton expressly for their accommodation and comfort, occupants will quietly remain to sleeper until breakfast.

Parties desiring to send their daughters to Staunton can have the opportunity of sending them under the immediate care and charge of Mr W P. Inman, of Atlanta, *who will go by this train, through to Staunton*, accompanied by his daughter and nieces.

Parents and guardians of young ladies desiring to go, will do well to make early application to Mr. W. P. Inman, Atlanta, Ga., or to

W. J. HOUSTON,
Gen. Pass & Tkt Agt, A & C A L Ry,
Atlanta, Ga.

ALTON ANGIER,
Gen. Trav. Agt A & C A L Ry,
Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1st, 1877.

sep2...4t

Dry Goods, Etc.

M. C. & J. F KISER & CO,

JOBBERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

—AND—

NOTIONS,

COR. PRYOR AND WALL STS,

OPPOSITE THE KIMBALL HOUSE,

ATLANTA, GA.

M C. KISER, J. F. KISER, W. S. EVERETT.
76 sep2..df

Wholesale Grocers.

P. & G. T. Dodd & Co.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

No. 32

Cor. Alabama & Pryor Sts.,

ATLANTA, GA.

Having determined to increase our already large and long established business the

COMING SEASON,

we beg to call the attention of Merchants throughout this, and adjacent States, to our large and carefully selected stock of

Groceries & Provisions,

which we are prepared to sell as low with as liberal accommodations as can be found in this, or any

Southern Market.

We offer as a guarantee our twenty-five years experience in the Grocery business in this city, and hope by

Fair Dealing

&

promptness in all matters pertaining to business, to merit the increased patronage which we ask at your hands.

Below we beg to call your attention to a partial list of goods which we keep constantly, and for which we can fill all orders

Promptly & Satisfactorily.

We make a specialty of COFFEES, and buy altogether from Importers, carry a large stock and guarantee prices with any Jobbers in the South.

COFFEES—Rio and Java, all grades,
SUGARS—All grades Refined to New Orleans.
SYRUPS—N. O. and all grades of Refined.
MOLASSES—Hhds, Tierces and Bbls.
FLOUR—All grades in Sacks and Barrels.
PEARL GRITS.
HOMINY.
SALT—Liverpool and Virginia.
BULK MEATS.
HAMS—Choice brands canvassed and uncanvassed.
LARD—Choice Leaf, in Tierces, Cans and Buckets.
MACKEREL—In Bbls; Hlf Bbls. and Kits.
SOAPS—All grades and qualities from the most popular manufactories in the U. S.
TOBACCO—Chewing and Smoking, all grades.
SNUFF—Lorillard's in Jars and Packages.
RICE.
CANDLES.
CANDIES.
STARCH.
SODA—Kegs and Boxes.
POTASH.
BAKING POWDERS.
LYE.
BLUE STONE.
COPPERAS.
TEAS—Imperial, Oolong and Hyson.
PEPPER.
GINGER.
SPICES.
INDIGO.
NUTMEGS.
RAISINS.
NUTS—ALL KINDS.
OYSTERS.
CRACKERS.
CHEESE—FACTORY AND CREAM.
CANNED MEATS—Comprising Pigs tongue, Pigs feet, Ox tongue, and Turkey and tongue.
LOBSTERS.
SALMON.
SARDINES.
PICKLES—Gals., ½ Gal. and Quarts.
CONDENSED MILK.
GREEN CORN.
GREEN PEAS
GREEN PEACHES.
GREEN PINE-APPLE.
BUCKETS—All kinds,
TUBS.
BROOMS.
MATCHES.
BLACKING AND BRUSHES.
WRAPPER, PAPER AND PAPER BAGS, all sizes.
ROPE AND TWINE.
POWDER.
SHOT.
LEAD.
CAPS.
NAILS.
&c., &c., &c., &c.

14 sept...df

Fire Insurance.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Com'y OF NEW YORK.

Cash Assets over $850,000

This Company, one of the most successfully managed in the country, having complied with the Law requiring a DEPOSIT OF $25,000, gives thus fresh assurance to our people of permanence in our midst, and of readiness promptly to meet every requirement to satisfy them of absolute security in case of loss.

☞ Rates reasonable. Losses, as heretofore, always promptly adjusted.

☞ Attention is called to the following copy of the State Treasurer's Receipt. JNO. C. WHITNER, Agent.

STATE OF GEORGIA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
ATLANTA, GA., August 30th, 1877.

I acknowledge to have received from the "THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK," and which we hold under authority, and subject to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of this State, approved February 28th, 1877, TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS of United States Five per cent. Registered Bonds in the name of said Insurance Company, numbers, denominations and respective amounts as follows, viz: Nos. 19070 and 19071 each for $10,000—and, Nos. 20368, 23292, 23293, 23294 and 23295 each being for $1,000—Total, $25,000 00. J. W. RENFROE,

551 aug31 d2w Treasurer State of Georgia.

Stoves, Hardware, &C.

JOHN J. SEAY,

Manufacturer of and Exclusively Wholesale Dealer in

Stoves, Grates, Hollow-Ware, English Pots, Wagon Boxes, Andirons, etc., etc., etc,

A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

The regular run of Light Castings is FOUR TONS PER DAY, and consequently all orders can be promptly filled.

DEALERS will take notice that I have sold out my retail business, and my UNDIVIDED ATTENTION will now be paid to the manufacture and Wholesale Trade. I can duplicate orders on the best Foundries in the country. ☞ Send for Price List.

JOHN. J. SEAY,
Rome, Ga.

Office at Foundry, corner Franklin St. and Rome Railroad. 179 aug12,1877..d1y

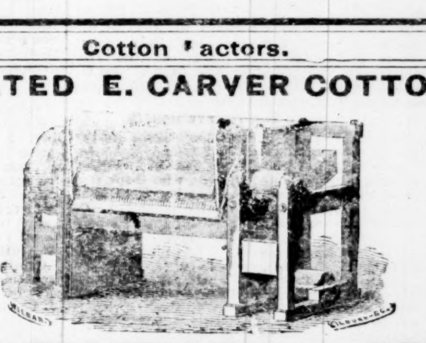
Iron Works.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS &c
COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND, OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA. GA.

471 june28..d1y

Cotton Factors.

CELEBRATED E. CARVER COTTON GIN.



W. H. HOWARD & SONS,

COTTON FACTORS, AUGUSTA, GA.

WE offer to the planters of Middle Georgia the above justly celebrated Cotton Gin, many of which are now in use in this section, and we can safely say have given entire satisfaction. **Horse Power Gins, 10 in. Saws, $3 50 Saw. Water and Steam Gins, 12 in. Saws, $4 00 Saw.** We can also furnish from our stock in store any part of the above Gins to parties desiring to repair those now in their possession. Ample time to test Gins before paying for them.

57 jly5..d&w til dec 1st

Relief for the Afflicted.

50 CENTS PER BOTTLE

BAILEY'S SALINE APERIENT.

50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

This is the **CHEAPEST AND MOST DELIGHTFUL PURGATIVE**

Before the public. Is a delicious beverage, and as pleasant and sparkling as a glass of Soda Water. Far superior to sickening pills. It is held in high repute by physicians and surgeons for the speedy cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Colic, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Sick Headache, Kidney Affections, etc., etc.

For those who lead a sedentary or closely-confined life, and become of a constipated habit, it acts like a charm. It is specially prepared for the masses, is put up in large bottles, and sold by all Druggists, at fifty cents. No family, no mother, no one traveling, no close student, no sewing girl, should fail to use it.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO., Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

Sold in Atlanta by PINSON & HOLT.
July4..d& wtf

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. **SYPHILIS** positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; **Gonorrhea, GLEET,** Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture) Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

223 aug5 -d&wly

OBSTACLES —to— MARRIAGE REMOVED.

Happy Relief to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

884 may15..d1yr

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggists has the ingredients. Address Dr. JAQUES & CO, Cincinnati, Ohio.

dec5,1876—d&wly

Relief for the Afflicted.

Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in 4 weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of advertisers who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive. Whatever has merit must cost a fair price. **$3** per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists supplied.

61 aug5,1877...d1y

SUFFERERS

from LOST MANHOOD, SYPHILIS, or any disease caused by indiscretion, why have given up all hope after trying in vain all the **so-called** remedies, will find the only sure relief by calling at, or sending stamp for free, confidential, and beneficial advise to the old **Western Medical Institute, 127 Sycamore St., Cincinnati.** Write or call and examine in Museum of Life Size Models of **cases cured,** and you will be convinced it is the only Institute that **has** and **can** can successfully treat these ailments. **No charge** to respectable person for treatment till cured.

485 apr28...d1y&24days

MANHOOD RESTORED.

Victims of youthful imprudence, who have tried in vain every known remedy, will learn of a simple prescription, FREE, for the speedy cure of nervous debility, premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any druggists has the ingredients. Address **DAVIDSON & CO., 86 Nassau St., N. Y.**

oct20-deod&w1y

A PHYSIOLOGICAL View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A Guide to Wedlock and confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading. 260 pages, price 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure, 224 large pages, price 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 10 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts.

Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.

434 aug26...d&wly

Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF

Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, etc., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh or miasmatic poisons.

℞ Has been widely used during the last twenty five years, and in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes or chills, once broken by it, do not return until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific, for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follows the cure. Indeen, where disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria, it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm, has no speedier remedy.

For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

244 aug17..d&taw2m & w2m

Railroad Schedules.

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., March 8, 1877.

ON and after Sunday, March 11, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	9 20 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 15 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 02 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic railroad for all points North and West.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 a m
Leaves Macon	7 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	4 00 p m
Leeaves Augusta	9 15 a m

Making connections at Augusta for the North and East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 00 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 16 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	8 20 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 49 p m
Arrives at Albany	2 10 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 33 a m
Arrives at Columbus	1 13 p m

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic, and Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line; at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads; at Columbus with Western and Mobile Railroad. Extension leaves Mondays on Blak's and Friday.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	1 40 p
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 55 p m
Leaves Albany	10 00 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 05 p m
Arrives at Macon frm Eufaula & Albany	4 10 p m
Leaves Columbus	11 19 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	3 11 p m
Leaves at Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 00 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Making connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for these points.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah,
W. J. RAOUL,
Supt. Southwestern Railroad. Macon

North Eastern Railroad.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Athens, Ga., June 23, 1877

SCHEDULE North Eastern Railroad, in effect June 23d, 1877. Daily, Sundays excepted:

Leave Athens	4:50 p m
Arrive Lula	6:50 p m
Leave Atlanta via A L R R	4:00 p m
Leave Lula	7:20 p m
Arrive at Athens	9:45 p m

Close connection made at Athens with up day train on Athens Branch Georgia railroad, and at Lula with north bound passenger train on A. & C Air-Line R. R. Passengers from Atlanta to Athens have time for supper at Lula

J. M. EDWARDS
Superintendent.

June 24 1877..dtf

Atlantic and Gulf R. R.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD,
SAVANNAH, May 5, 1877.

ON and after Sunday the 6th inst., Passenger Trains on this Road will run as follows:

NIGHT EXPRESS.

Leave Savannah	daily at	4:00 p m
Arrive at Jesup	"	7 10 p m
Arrive at Bainbridge	"	7:45 a m
Arrive at Albany	"	9:40 a m
Arrive at Live Oak	"	3:50 a m
Arrive at Jacksonville	"	10:00 a m
Arrive at Tallahassee	"	9:20 a m
Leave Tallahassee	"	3:30 p m
Leave Jacksonville	"	3:00 p m
Leave Live Oak	"	8:50 p m
Leave Albany	"	2:30 p m
Leave Bainbridge	"	4:00 p m
Leave Jesup	"	5:05 a m
Arrive at Savannah	"	8:30 a m

No change of cars between Savannah and Albany.

Passengers from Savannah for Tallahassee, Brunswick Darien and Macon take this train.

Passengers leaving Macon at 9:15 a m, daily except Sunday, connect at Jesup with this train for Florida.

Passengers from Florida by this train connect at Jesup with train arriving in Macon at 5:45 p m (daily except Sunday).

No change of cars between Montgomery and Live Oak.

Sleeping Cars run through to and from Savannah and Live Oak and Montgomery and Live Oak on this train.

Connect at Albany with Passenger trains both ways on Southwestern Railroad to and from Macon, Eufaula, Montgomery, New Orleans, etc.

Mail steamer leaves Bainbridge for Apalachicola every Saturday; for Columbus Thursday and Saturday mornings.

Close connection at Jacksonville daily (Sundays excepted) for St. Augustine, Palatka and Enterprise.

Trains on B. and A. Railroad leave junction, going west, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:14 a m.

For Brunswick Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 4:40 p m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—EASTERN DIVISION.

Leave Savannah, Sundays excepted, at		6:45 a m
Arrive at McIntosh	" "	9:40 a m
Arrive at Jesup	" "	11:50 a m
Arrive at Blackshear	" "	3:20 p m
Arrive Dupont	" "	7:00 p m
Leave Dupont	" "	5:00 a m
Leave Blackshear	" "	9:05 a m
Leave Jesup	" "	12:30 p m
Leave McIntosh	" "	2:36 p m
Arrive at Savannah	" "	5:15 p m

WESTERN DIVISION.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave Dupont at	5:00 a m
Arrive at Valdosta at	7:00 a m
Arrive at Quitman at	9 00 a m
Arrive at Thomasville at	11:15 a m
Leave Thomasville at	1:15 p m
Leave Quitman at	3:20 p m
Leave Valdosta at	4:40 p m
Arrive at Dupont at	6:45 p m

GEO. S HAINES, General Ticket Agent.
H. S. HAINES,
General Superintendent.

july20..dtf

SUMMER, 1877.

THE GREAT

Kennesaw Route

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD

ON and after Sunday, June 10th, 1877, trains will leave Atlanta from Union Passenger Depot as follows:

7.30am. Northern Express, (daily) arrives Bristol 11:15 p m, Lynchburg 9:15 a m, Washington 6:25 p m, Baltimore 8:20 p m.

7.30am. Little Rock Express, (daily) arrives Chattanooga 12:45 p m, arrives Memphis 7:30 a m. Little Rock 7:15 p. m.

7.30am. Rome Express, (daily) arrives Rome 11:00 a m.

7.30am. Western Express, (daily, arrives Chattanooga 12:45 p m, Nashville 7:35 p m, Louisville 3:30 a m, St. Louis 6:30 p m, Chicago 7:45 p m, Cincinnati 8:05 a m. Pullman Palace Cars Atlanta to Nashville Without change.

7.30am. Texas Express, (daily) arrives at Chattanooga 12:45 p m, Nashville 7:35 p m, Columbus 5:30 a m, Poplar Bluff 6:15 p m, Texarkana 9:10 a m, Sherman 6:40 p m, Dallas 10:25 p m, Fort Worth 12:20 a m, Austin 8:00 a m, Houston 5:40 a m, Galveston 9 a m.

2.35pm. Western Express (daily) arrives Chattanooga 8:30 p m, Nashville 5 00 a m, Louisville 3:30 p m, Cincinnati 8:00 p m, Chicago 7:20 a m, St. Louis 6:30 a m.

2.35pm. Texas Express, (daily) arrives Chattanooga 8:30 p m, Memphis 3:00 p m, Little Rock 2:15 a m, Texarkana 9:10 a m, Sherman 6:40 p m, Dallas 10.25 p m, Fort Worth 12:20 a m, Austin 8,00 a m, Houston 5:40 a m, Galveston 9 a m.

2.35pm. Lightning Express, north arrives Bristol 4:10 am, Lynchburg 1:15 p m, Washington 9:45 p m, Baltimore 11:30 p m, Philadelphia 3.30 a m, New York 7:00 a m, Boston 8:30 p m.

Pullman Palace Cars leave Atlanta daily by this train for Philadelphia and are attached at Washington, this train carrying Pullman car for New York—virtually no change of cars from Atlanta to New York.

☞ The Kennesaw route has made the quickest time on record between Atlanta and Washington.

2.35pm. Rome Express, (Saturdays only) arrive Kingston 5:25 pm Rome 7:00 p m.

5.20pm. Accommodation, daily, except Sundays,) stops at all stations.

THIS IS

THE ONLY ALL RAIL LINE TO TEXAS

FROM THE CAROLINAS AND GEORGIA

Low Rates

Offered to EMIGRANTS, with Through Cars. For further information apply to Mr J A Adair Agent Depot, where Railroad Tickets and Sleeping Car Berths can be secured at all hours during the day.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent

W. DANIEL,

SUCCESSOR TO DANIEL & ROWLAND,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

278 aug17.. dtf

Cotton Buyers.

MILLER & BROTHER,

Cotton Brokers AND Commission Merchants,

111 BAY STREET, SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

Charges for Selling Cotton only 50 cents per Bale; Weighing, 10 cents per Bale. No charge for Drayage, Storage, or other charges when sale can be made from Railroad Yards or Presses.

Firm offers made on any lots of Cotton at any time.

517 aug29...d2m top 8th col 3d p

Undertakers.

C. H. SWIFT, Ag't

FOR

O. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie

DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Caskets and Cases. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."

Bodies preserved by the freezing process.

Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15 d1y

Horseshoes Nails Etc.

SHOENBERGER & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

JUNIATA

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Cut Nails & Spikes,

HORSE SHOE BAR AND SHEET IRON.

Goods warranted equal to any in the market. Send for circular in regard to "PICKED NAILS," Corner 15th and Etna Streets.

oct27—1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

Ginning Engines

WM. E. TANNER & CO.,

Metropolitan Works,

Canal, 6th and 7th Streets,

RICHMOND...... ......VIRGINIA

MANUFACTURERS of Portable and Stationary Engines, Saw Mills, Boilers, Castings of Brass and Iron for Railroads, Mills, Bridges, Narrow Gauge Locomotives.

Ginning Engines a Specialty.

SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS for Ginning Houses.

Keep your money in the South, other things being equal.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue—FREE.

454 july26..d&w3m

E. VAN-WINKLE.
IRON WORKS
16 FOUNDRY ST.
ATLANTA GA.

House and Lot for Sale.

MY RESIDENCE, No. 245 Rawson street, is for sale on terms to suit the purchaser. Nine rooms in the house. Three room building attached by covered way, for kitchen and servants. Large and commodious stable. Nearly one acre in the lot. Property in good repair and must be sold. HENRY JACKSON.

Apply at law office of Jackson & Lumpkin, on Marietta street. 134 june8..

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—Importers' prices—largest Company in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, Pres. of the Original American Tea Co. 43 Vesey St. N. Y. P O. Box 1287 7 sept d&w4w

CARD.

Pure Select Seed Wheat.

1,000 Bushels White Pennsylvania Blue Stem 1,000 do. Boughton.
1,000 bushels Walker & Genpes or Amber.
1,000 bushels Mediterranean

Put up in two bushels seamless sacks free on board cars at $1 50. LEIPER & MENEFEE, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

5 sept.. d1m

ATTENTION BUSINESS MEN and Responsible Traveling Agent! We wish to make arrangements with some responsible party to introduce into Alabama and Georgia an already established Patent Medicine. To the right man we will offer liberal inducements. The medicine has already a large sale in malarial districts. Address WILLETS & Co, Philadelphia, Pa., Mfrs. of the William Penn Fever and Ague Cure. 93 sept..deod6t

PREFERRED LOCALS.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

W. G. ASHLEY,
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Builders' Hardware, &c., 33 Broad Street.
255 july13..dtf

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.
CRAIGE & CO., General Dealers
31 Peachtree Street,
Atlanta, : : : Georgia.
The best built. The lightest running. The largest and smoothest finished. Every Machine guaranteed of best quality and workmanship. Sold as low as the lowest for Cash, or by paying $10 per month.
872 mar30. dly aug31...

W. JENNINGS & CO.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Locks, Hinges Paints, &c., 38 Decatur Street.
519 July31..06m f o i

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Funeral notice of Miss May Pinckney.
Funeral notice of Mrs. M. H. Jones.
Magnificent hearse—C Bohnefeld.
New diamonds—J P Stevens & Co.
Some valuable articles—Powell's auction.
Milwaukee beer—Exchange
Anderson County Coal Co. Coal—T G Eiswald.
Citation—W H Nesbit.
A good turner wanted—H C Hanson.
Boy wanted.
Situation or partner wanted—S W.
Two stores for rent—W P Inman.
Wanted to rent a cottage—E F & J Hurt.
Leave to sell—W H Nesbit.
Gold necklaces—J P Stevens & Co.
Lecture—Liberal and Scientific Association.
Furnished lodgings to let.
Stores to rent—E F & J Hurt.
Cotton factor, etc—Chas F Stubbs.
Leave to sell—W H Nesbit.
Photograph instruments wanted—R W Martin.
Milwaukee's best—Phil.
Situation wanted—J P McDonald.
Bridal presents—J P Stevens & Co.
Dooley's Yeast Powder.
Turner wanted—H C Hanson.
Leave to sell—W H Nesbit
Coal Creek Coal—T G Eiswald.

"The Trials of a Housekeeper"
Are never experienced by those who use DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER. Elegant, light, wholesome biscuits, bread, rolls and muffins, every time. Try it and be convinced.

Wanted.
A good turner. H. C. HANSON,
138 sep6 d1t Barnesville, Ga.

Jno. T. Hagan, 119 Whitehall, has, by far, the largest stock of family supplies of any house in the retail trade in this city.
83 sep2...tf

Hurrah for Phil!
A sample lot of Milwaukee's best production of Beer on draught at the Exchange to day.
000 sep6...dtf

The Reason Why
I am closing out my immense stock of furniture, consisting of all styles and kinds, I am going to change my business, and have accepted employment from an eastern house to look after their southern business. I will therefore sell for the next thirty days my entire stock at fabulously low prices Come and see me at once if you want bargains. I will lease to a good tenant the splendid store and stand I now occupy.
JAMES L. WATKINS,
Manufacturers Agent,
51 sep2–6t 72 Whitehall street.

Fancy and plain Groceries, Provisions, Produce and Housekeepers' supplies in quantities, at Hagan's. 83 sep2...tf

Anderson County Coal Co. Coal Creek Coal can only be had of T. G. Eiswald, who has the exclusive sale. The liberal patronage of this superior Coal by the public is an all sufficient guarantee of its merits to need any puffing or certificates. Both of my Yards are now rapidly being filled up. Corner Loyd and Decatur street, and Forsyth street at the crossing the State Railroad. T. G. EISWALD.
142 sep6...d2t thur sun

Oil. Oil. Oil.
I am now selling the red "C" oil, 150 fire test. Will not char the wick. Absolutely safe.
83 sept2 tf J. T. HAGAN.

Milwaukee Beer
On draught at the Exchange, James Bank Block. 000 sep6...dtf

Removal
Jno. T. Hagan has moved his entire stock to No. 119 Whitehall street, near Trinity church. 83 sept2...tf

If you want the best Coal in market get the old reliable Anderson County Co. Coal Creek Coal, sold by T. G. Eiswald, corner Decatur and Loyd streets
142 sep6...d2t thur sun

California raisins at 12½ cents per pound, at Hagan's. 83 sep2...tf

The Perfumed Breath of Ambrosial Atmosphere
touched her pale brow with feelings of peculiar delight, as she raised her feeble form and thanked her husband for saving her life by procuring that great and wonderful female medicine, known as English Female Bitters, which has been reduced to one dollar, or three for $2 50, For all sickly females, it is more priceless than all the glittering gems that sparkle and glitter amid the mansions of the proud and rich aristocrat. sep5..deod1w&w1t

Extra Mess Mackerel for '77 in every shape, at Hagan's. 83 sep2...tf

IN enumerating the ills which flesh is heir to, such as Indigestion, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Nervous Debility, chills, Torpid Liver, &c., what a comfort to think that a relief from all of them can be obtained by using Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, which can be had of any Druggist for 50 cents. It establishes a permanently healthy action, and its operation is mild and effective. Use Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder.
441 may2...deowly&weowly

Bologna Saugsage put up in neat packages. Something entirely new, at Hagan's. 83 sep2...tf

THE Buckeye has virtues which lie in the bitter principle called Esculin, which have been utilized for the cure of Hemorrhoids, or Piles. If suffering with that disease use Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment, only 50 cents a bottle.
441 may2..deowly&weowly

My new store at 119 Whitehall street, is the model retail establishment in this city.
83 sept 2 tf J. T. HAGAN.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., September 4.

J S Blumyer, Cincinnati; C M Irwin, Ga; J H DeVotie, Griffin; J D Napper and wife, Hampton; W R Gratz, New York; N W Smith, Charleston; E A Hawkins, Americus; W J Braun, Ga R R; C T Lewis, Crawfordville; Arthur Parker, New York; G I Johnson, Ga; C E Ayres, Philadelphia; W F Turnley, Galveston; Jno H Reynolds, Rome; E A Brooks and wife, Bowenville, Ga; W H Read, New York; O W Barrow Danville, Va; W D Haynes, A D McCutchen, New Orleans; I G Williams, Galveston; J G B Erwin, Fairmount; H J Erwin, Cartersville; W R W Johnson, J J Williams, city; E A Goddard, Ga; H Turner, W A Jahans, J S Baxter Tracy Baxter, Macon; Miss F M McClelland, Fairmount; T M Butner, Houston co; J E Duskin, J D McCormick, Eufaula; S P Goodyear, Brunswick; J W Spark, Jno B Mills, Griffin; J M Tison and lady Glynn co; S D White, West Point; E B Thomas, L S Brown, city; M H Sandwich, Thomaston; D E Butler, Madison; J E Brown, Hampton.

Standard kerosene oil, 110 deg.
Headlight oil, 175 deg.
Pratt's astral oil, 155 deg.
And red "C" oil, 150 deg.
For sale at
J. T. HAGAN.
83 sept2 tf 119 Whitehall street.

"10,000 TOO MANY!"

HAS ATLANTA THIS SURPLUS OF IDLE AND UNNECESSARY POPULATION?

A Look at the Future—Hard Times Ahead—The Remedy for the Trouble—Small Farms in the Country—Get Out of Town.

"Don't you think," said a friend to us the other day, as we were looking at a crowd of idlers on the street corner, "that there are 10,000 more people in Atlanta than are needed, to transact its business, and do its work? You do? Of course! Then what is to become of this surplus?"

Without knowing it, our friend had struck at the heart of the most serious problem this country has ever been called upon to solve.

There is a horrible crisis just ahead of the American people!

Before many months we shall have a commotion that will catch the attention of all civilization. The quadrennial disturbances that arise when we are called upon to decide whether one demagogue or another shall occupy the president's chair, are nothing to the strenuous convulsions that we shall soon witness. We shall soon know the difference between a political procession and a bread riot!

There are in New York to-day 100,000 people, capable of work, and anxious to labor, who can find nothing to do. The most of these people are utterly destitute. Thousands of them are starving; all of them are suffering On last Wednesday six people committed suicide in New York, and on Thursday four; in every case save one, because of hunger and want. An undertaker, whose miserable coffin had not been paid for, entered the house to which it had been taken, and emptying the corpse of the wife of the discharged mechanic on the floor, walked out with his property. Mr. Rosevelt, ex-congressman and capitalist demands in an open letter that the city provide work for these people, and thus avert the uprising that must otherwise come. What wonder is it, in the face of these facts that, when a few weeks ago a hundred railroad men struck for wages,

NEARLY ONE MILLION MEN

in remote and disconnected squads, arose in hoarse and insane rage, and defying the government, destroyed eleven million dollars worth of railroad property, and paralyzed the continent for a week? Hunger is a rude reasoner and starvation is a last appeal! If the suffering is so terrible, and the squalor so universal in New York during the summer months, what will it be when winter's rigors and responsibilities have come?

Of course we shall have no such trouble in Atlanta as threatens New York; but still the outlook is gloomy. While business is good and our machine shops are all running, and more building is going on than before in many years, we doubt if there ever has been so many idle people in Atlanta as at present. That there is a square surplus of 10,000 persons is probably true We mean by this that there are that many people in Atlanta who do not get enough work in the city to maintain themselves or families and without whom Atlanta could carry on all of her concerns just as efficiently as she now does. For instance, we learn from what must be a good source that there are more than fifty printers in this city in excess of the force needed to do the work These men have families of an average of three members each. So we may find a surplus in every department An advertisement of three lines, calling for a workman or employe of any sort, will have a hundred answers in a day.

WHAT SHALL BE DONE WITH THE SURPLUS?

It becomes important then for Atlanta to discuss the future of this surplus. She must in some way or other provide for it, or she will find it necessary to protect herself against it.

The first proposition is, give these idlers work! To do this we must have factories. The cotton factory, now in a fine way of starting, will employ some 500 of these people, and sustain possibly twice as many more. But we cannot hope to have within a short time enough regular work to keep our surplus population busy.

The next idea is, let philanthropy take care of them. This is impossible. If Atlanta were to organize public charities to support all paupers who applied, we should have our city proclaimed a "Beggars Paradise," and made a mecca of tramps Besides, the most of the class we are now considering could not be reached by alms. The most deserving of them would starve before they would live on charity.

Then what remains to be done? That is a hard question to answer. While considering it, we shall do one thing, and that is give a little advice. This is cheap and will do any harm

It appears to us that many of those persons now out of work in the city might get something to do if they were not too particular as to what it was Many of them prefer to live idle, rather than undertake work that is considered menial. If they cannot be clerks, they remain loafers They would see those dependent on them suffer before they would drive a street car or go to a trade. This is a false pride. No honest labor is disreputable. The worst degradation on earth comes of "sponging" The most grievous crime is to sit in voluntary idleness

WHILE SUFFERING PINCHES THE FACES

of those you should protect The finest gentleman in Atlanta might drive a dray through her streets, if he could get no better work, and not lose the respect or affection of a single friend

If you can get no chance to do business for others, start a business of your own. It don't matter that you have no capital. One of the largest book stores in Atlanta was founded by a boy without a capital of five dollars. One of the richest men in the city got his start in life by selling newspapers There are many prosperous merchants whose business a few years ago was a street stand.

But the great relief for this surplus population is to be found in this: Leave the city, go into the country, and become a producer. No man who looks to Georgia soil for his living ever starved. If five thousand young men could be taken from Atlanta to-morrow and put to work on vegetable farms within a radius of ten miles about the city, it would be almost impossible to

ESTIMATE THE PROSPEROUS ADVANCE

that the city and country would make. There are few more undesirable positions than that of a clerk, or of any sort of employee in the city. A young man may enter a store when twenty and work faithfully and efficiently for ten years, and the chances are ninety in a hundred that he will then draw a salary that will be less than $1,000 per annum. It is estimated that the salaries of clerks in Atlanta will not average $50 a month, certainly not over $60. What possibility does a salary of this sort offer a man who aspires to the joys and burdens of married life? As to what is possible to a young man who is brave enough to go to a farm within a few miles of the city and devote himself to farming, we shall endeavor to show in a future article.

CRUSHED

Terrible Railroad Accident

Yesterday afternoon another of the many series of railroad horrors occurred on the Georgia railroad track, near the culvert, about half past five o'clock. The epileptic negro boy known as "Crazy Joe," or Joe Post, was walking along the track, when he attempted to cross in front of the switch engine, "The King," and was caught and

DRAGGED UNDER THE WHEELS

and terribly crushed. His left arm was completely cut off, and his right arm broken. His skull was also bruised and perhaps fractured. His body was terribly cut and bruised. When taken from under the engine he presented

A FRIGHTFUL SPECTACLE

of crushed and mangled humanity. He was still living at a late hour last night, but his recovery is scarcely possible. Dr. Willis Westmoreland was called to his relief, and did all that could be done by surgical art for the relief of the suffering unfortunate. He was taken to the house of his mother, on Peters street, where every attention will be bestowed upon him. The engineer was in no manner culpable. The accident was the result of the carelessness of a poor creature who could scarcely take care of himself on the streets, and, amid the dangers of a net-work of railroads, fell an easy victim of his own imbecility

City Court.

JUDGE R. H. CLARK PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday.

State vs B W Smolk, cheating and swindling; nol prossed on decision that the defendant is *non compos mentis.*

State vs Sandy Wooten, larceny from the house; found guilty by the court; sentenced to fine of $50 and costs or twelve months on the chain gang

State vs Green Simmons, larceny from the house; found guilty by the court and sentenced te fine of $20 and costs or six months on chain gang.

State vs George Wilson, larceny; found guilty by the court and sentenced to fine of $20 or twelve months on chain gang. [This is the newspaper thief elsewhere mentioned.]

State vs Wm Grantham, assault and battery; plead guilty; fined $10 and costs or three months on chain gang.

Court adjourned to 9 a m to day.

Atlanta and Berlin.

A thesis written and delivered by Dr. H. F. Scott, of Atlanta, before the medical faculty of the Frederick Wilhelm university, of Berlin, has been handed us, and we take great pleasure in stating that the highest honor which could be taken in the course of study chosen by Dr. Scott has been borne off by him in that celebrated university. It will be remembered that Dr. Scott received the first honors of his class in the Atlanta Medical college some years ago Atlanta can feel justly proud of her son, who has done so well at home and abroad Dr. Scott is the son of Mr Henry M Scott, of this city

Recorder's Court.

Recorder Milledge had a rather quiet time of it yesterday, trying a few cases and fining most of them lightly. It was an off day for court business, but matters will improve today.

Liberal and Scientific Association

Dr. C. Rauschenberg will lecture tonight at the Hall of the above Association, corner Broad and Marietta streets. Subject: "Hygiene" Public invited. After the lecture a meeting of the Association will be held to revise the By-Laws and for other business G. W. KATES,
sep6...d1t 2d or 3d col Secretary.

FACT AND RUMOR.

—Runaways have recently been numerous in the city. All quite harmless, however.

—Our merchants are receiving heavy stocks of fall and winter goods. A fine trade for the coming season is a certainty.

—The quartette of Mrs Scrutchin, Miss Kennedy, Mr Courtney and Mr J G Scrutchin, which was sung at the Rossini reception Tuesday night received very high compliments from musical connoiseurs.

—Atlanta will send a big train full of people to Marietta next Monday night to attend the grand calico hop and its accompanying attractions.

—Every day the attendance on the public schools increases. We have a noble army of pupils in the city.

—The shrill voice of the newsboy with his morning offering to the public is one of the first sounds that disturbs the new day.

—All parties who owe the special assessment of $7 levied for privileges of water mains are given until the 15th of this month to pay for the same. The amount was due on the 1st.

—It is about time for the annual equinoctial storm which is generally very severe The almost total absence of thunder storms during the summer inclines local weather prophets to the belief that we shall have heavy storms this fall.

—Almost daily parties come from other cities and towns to Atlanta to make business arrangements. The wheels of progress perpetually roll and we grow with delightful regularity.

—The dime club of the First Methodist church is about to enter on a successful winter campaign.

—Every branch of Atlanta industry should be represented at the fair.

—The Talulah excursionists will arrive in the city this morning, after having made the quickest trip on record to the beautiful falls.

—Five weeks from next Monday the fair will open. It is time to pick out and arrange whatever you wish to exhibit

—The citizens' purse for races will treble the value of the fair to Atlanta.

—Business was suspended at the Southern Express company's office yesterday between the hours of 10 and 11 a. m., in honor of the memory of Alvin Adams, the first express man in America. The office is also draped in morning.

—One of the handsomest displays of diamonds that we have ever seen in this city, is exhibited in the windows of Messrs J. P. Stevens & Co. this week Their display is made of diamond goods *exclusively* and is attracting a great deal of attention. Messrs Stevens & Co. carry the most magnificent stock of diamonds watches, fine jewelry and silverware in this state. It is a real treat to look through their cases.

—The people of Decatur were wondering why the efficient sheriff of DeKalb, who is preparing for court week after next, signed his papers "James Hunter, sr." On investigating the subject, it was ascertained that he had a son born the night before, and he now has two James Hunters in his family. We hope the young one will make as clever man as the old one.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—The Misses S——r, of Macon, returned home yesterday afternoon after a stay of six weeks in our city, where they leave many friends

—Dr. Hape and Judge Pittman are making good work at the fair grounds.

—Captain "B. W. Smolk," arrested about a week since on a charge of cheating and swindling, was yesterday adjudged "non compos mentis" in the city court and the prosecution against him estopped.

—Captain Connolly is one of the most active and efficient men ever on the police force of Atlanta.

For Twelve Months—Sentence of a Newspaper Thief.

A little over a week ago there appeared in these columns an account of the arrest of one George Wilson, for stealing copies of the THE CONSTITUTION from the yards of subscribers. A plain case was made out against him, and he readily confessed his guilt at the station house. Yesterday his case came before Judge R. H. Clark, at the city court, and the prisoner was found guilty of the charge of larceny, and was thereupon sentenced by the court to the

CHAIN GANG FOR TWELVE MONTHS.

The punishment is none too severe for the offence, of which many aggravated instances have come to our knowledge. This is a warning to all urchins and older thieves who think it a small matter to filch a newspaper from some porch or yard before the family is awake. Of all kinds of petty thieving, stealing newspapers is becoming one of the most common, and we are glad to see such stringent means used to stop it. Hereafter a close watch will be kept upon the various carrier's routes in the city, and every person who is detected in stealing papers will be most rigidly prosecuted. This style of petty larceny must be stopped.

Magnificent Hearse.

We were shown yesterday at the coffin warehouse of Mr. C Bohnefeld, perhaps the most magnificent hearse in the south. It is from the factory of Crane, Breed & Co., of Cincinnati, and is their best make. The frame and running gear are as good as they can be made. The interior is nothing short of magnificent, with rich curtains of black silk and heavy gold fringe according to the occasion of its use. The end is a solid cushion of satin, and the coffin is held in place by silver standards, which can be regulated at pleasure. On either side of the coffin are fine silver bars and chains connecting silver bouquet holders, between which are silver stands into which are fitted crucifixes or Masonic and Odd Fellows emblems, when so desired. The arrangement for placing in the coffin, taking it out and holding it in place are perfect On top are heavy silver bars for ornament and elegant plume stands into which are inserted the finest black or white plumes The entire hearse has a rich costly and elegant appearance, and nothing like it was ever seen here before. Complete, it cost $1,600, and is pronounced cheap at those figures. Mr. Bohnefeld will furnish it for funerals at very reasonable rates.

An Eloquent Journalist.

Here and there one finds a member of the newspaper fraternity who can "talk out of his mouth," as well as off the tip of his pencil. In this small group we must place our friend Sam W. Small. We have read pretty much all the speeches made at the late meeting in Atlanta called to ratify the work of the constitutional convention, and we are constrained to say that, with all due deference to the honorables and dignitaries present, Mr. Small made the speech of the occasion. He was both sensible and eloquent; pitched headlong into his subject; handled it trenchantly and tersely and quit when he was done As a Tennessean our people have a right to be proud of Mr. Small. As a member of the journalistic guild we extend to him assurances of our appreciation of his brilliant success.—Chattanooga Dispatch.

C. F. Stubbs, Cotton Factor.

In another column will be found the advertisement of C. F. Stubbs, cotton factor, 94 Bay street, Savannah. The old firm of Groover, Stubbs & Co has been dissolved and Mr Stubbs will continue the business He is known far and wide, both as a courteous gentleman and a thorough business man. He will conduct the business of cotton factor and commission merchant on a large scale and will offer superior inducements to all who do business with him. Mr. A. A. Winn, formerly cashier of Groover, Stubbs & Co., has an interest in the new house and will be glad to serve his many friends. The large fire-proof warehouse of the firm is as fine as any in Georgia.

Station House Report.

The following state arrests were made yesterday by the police force:

Charles Green, colored, disturbing public worship.
Simon Alexander, colored, fornication and adultery.
Alfred Love, colored, larceny from the house
James M. Holly, robbery
Harvey Johnson, fornication and adultery. Released by arresting officer.
Several city arrests were made prior to ten o'clock p. m.

Death of Mary Ellen Pinckney.

Yesterday Mary Ellen Pinckney, daughter of Dr. Charles Pinckney, died at her father's residence, on Walton street, after a long and painful illness. She was born in Charleston on the 21st of March, 1863, and was fourteen years and fifteen days old. Her funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 94 Walton street, and then from the Catholic church at 3½ o'clock. Her death has plunged the family into the deepest sorrow and has cast a gloom over a large circle of sympathizing friends.

First Bale of the New Crop by Wagon.

Mr. W. T. Bowden, of DeKalb county, brought in the first bale by wagon to-day. It classed strict middling, weighed 420 pounds, and was bought by G W. Parrott & Bro. Mr. Bowden says there will be plenty of it dropping in soon, and reports fine crops in his section.

SOLID GOLD NECKLACES just received at J. P. Stevens & Co's
000 sep6...d thur sat sun 3d&4th col

A NEW LOT OF DIAMONDS at J. P. Stevens & Co's, 34 Whitehall street.
000 sep6...d thur sat sun 3d&4th col

SALE OF THE N. & S. R. R.

SPIRITED BIDDING—COLUMBUS PROTECTED—MAJOR R. J. MOSES, THE FIRM FRIEND OF THE CITY.

Sold for $40,000—The Central Railroad Monopoly Out-Bid.

Columbus Times, Sept. 5.

Yesterday the North and South railroad of Georgia was sold, in pursuance of an order from the governor of the state. It will be remembered that the state owned the first lien upon the road for its bonds, to the amount of

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY

thousand dollars, under the law regulating state endorsement. They were first entitled to be paid in preference to all others who have subscribed to the building of the road.

THE CITY OF COLUMBUS

was the next largest stockholder, she having subscribed to the capital stock, the snug sum of

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND

dollars, for which she issued her bonds, and for which she lives to regret, and by way of parenthesis, we add, she has a valid defense against, whenever any one of her citizens sees proper to ask or an investigation.

THE SALE

was advertised to take place between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock. The popular auctioneer C S. Harrison was engaged to do the handsome thing. He has sold everything in life (except his friends) and a railroad. He came upon the stand willing to sacrifice the road, if necessary, and during the entire time of the sale only asked to step in the next room and "see the governor" once when he emerged his voice was clearer, and he pronounced the water good.

THE BIDDING.

After Mr. Harrison read the advertisement, and asked the ominous question "what am I bid for the North & South railroad of Georgia," there was a dead silence for a few moments.

THE FIRST BID

was made by Major R. J. Moses, who called as his bid $10,000. Dr. E. A. Flewellen, of Upson county, quickly responded with a "$5.000 better." Major Moses raised him by the thousand until he went under the table. The bid had reached

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND

when Colonel Millen, brother-in-law of President Wadley, of the Central, cried out $25,000, Then the real bidding begun. Major Moses acting for himself and a half dozen citizens of Columbus, brought on the skirmish. Colonel Millen, for the Central, was very cautious and only bid $5, while Major Moses would raise him $100, and several times $1,000. When the bidding had reached $29,900, Major Moses asked time for consultation with his friends. Mr. Harrison cordially granted the time, and in a few moments

MAJOR MOSES EMERGED

from the crowd, and called his bid at $30,000 Col. Millen followed it by $30,005 Thus the bidding went on until $33,000 was bid. At this juncture Major Moses called to Col. Millen and said: "If you will say to the people of Columbus that you will not take up the iron and discontinue the road, I will not bid against you any further; but I want Columbus protected, and will continue to bid unless you give that guarantee." Col. Millen made no reply. but bid $5 more. This put Moses on his metal and in he went, adding $100 to every $5 bid by Millen.

THE SPECTATORS

were on the tiptoe of excitement. Nearly every man wished Charlie Harrison would not dwell so long on bids, and knock it down to Moses—which, in fact, was to the people of Columbus Everybody grew impatient at the $5 bids, but still the bidding went on until Col. Millen called out "$40,305." Moses quickly replied "$40,500," and after the third call the North and South railroad was knocked down to Major R. J. Moses, agent for the

COLUMBUS AND ATLANTA AIR LINE

railroad, for the sum of $40,500.

Thus ended the sale of the North and South railroad. It was quite an event in this city, for it is the first real railroad that has ever been sold in Columbus, and drew quite a crowd together Much interest was manifested, and at times great enthusiasm

THE GRAND RESULT

of the sale redounds to the salvation of Columbus. She has yet another chance to free herself from the bondage of a monopoly; and to no one person or congregation of citizens is she under more obligations to than her honored citizen,

MAJOR R. J. MOSES.

He threw himself in the breach and risked everything in saving Columbus from a monopoly. A number of prominent city fathers were present, and men who owned great acres of city property; but they seemed to have had no concert of action, and but for the friendly aid of Major Moses the road would have been sold for a mere song, and Columbus left without hope As it is, she is protected, and a company will shortly be organized to extend the road; not in the direction of Rome, but to branch from Hamilton via Greenville, Merriwether county, to Atlanta.

The bill was placed to the credit of the

ATLANTA AND COLUMBUS AIR-LINE

railroad. To many of our readers this will appear a new road In the same year that the charter was granted the N. and S. R. R. the legislature chartered the Columbus and Atlanta Air-line road. The charter is in the hands of Col. J. L. Mustian, and is owned by him. At the time the North and South railroad was being built it was thought the Air-line road was the best route. Now it is certain it is, and the road will be continued in that direction.

THE LARGEST OWNERS

we understand are Major R. J. Moses, Colonel George P. Swift, Sr., and S Rhodes Browne, Esq. We hope for the enterprise the best of success, and a thousand thanks to Columbus' processor, R J. Moses

The State Fair.

It seems that the people of Macon are going to work heartily to make the state fair a success. The following from the Telegraph and Messenger indicates the true spirit:

After some slight conversation with several prominent gentlemen of the city we are satisfied that interest is being awakened quite generally in the approaching state fair. The papers throughout the state are taking the matter up and there is no reason why the state fair of 1877 should not be as great a success as its prodecessors. Atlanta is straining every nerve, and has recently had the grounds and buildings put in thorough order and the race track remodeled and improved, and strenuous efforts are being made to get up a purse of sufficient size to induce fine stock men of the west and elsewhere to bring their horses and have some of the finest racing ever seen on the Georgia turf.

While our sister city is putting forth her well known energy interest is not dead in other places and many are getting ready to send their contributions to swell the exhibition.

The state expects Bibb county, to do her duty. Also has never failed in the past and no one doubts that she will attribute her full quota to the display. The next fair after this will be held here, and if she wants a reciprocal courtesy to be extended to her, she must prove herself worthy of it. The fair is but a month and a half off, and if the reputation of our city and our county is to be upheld, active steps must now be taken.

Col. Hardeman, president of the Georgia Agricultural society, has, by virtue of his office, the charge of the exhibition and his county should assist him in make it a complete success. The catalogue is full and comprehensive, and the premiums are about up to the usual amounts. The premium for the best merchant's display is $100; for the best military company $250; for the best fire company $200 and other departments in proportion.

We hope our merchants and others will begin to make energetic measures in the matter and make such a display from old Bibb that we may be proud of the old county, and the president of the society and the people may not be ashamed of her. We ought to have that fireman and military prize if nothing more.

The Irving Literary Club.

A few months since a select number of young ladies and gentlemen in this city formed an association for the purpose of mental culture and social pleasure. After two or three meetings it was christened the "Irving Literary Club," and by that musical title it will be known until it ceases to exist. Its meetings are bi-weekly, and are held at various residences in the city. The proceedings are deeply interesting to those concerned, and the literary exercises are invariably characterized by the true enthusiasm which inspires the devotees of letters The social element is not neglected, the meetings of the club being gladly anticipated by the ladies and gentlemen whose names are on its roll.

The officers at present are: President, Mr John B. Baird; vice president, Miss Jennie Hammond; secretary, Mr. E. M. Hammond; treasurer, Mr W. H. Nutting; historian, Mr John C. Jones.

The next meeting of the club will be held tomorrow night at the residence of Mr. Larkin Smith, in West End. The members in the city will be carried out in a special excursion street car with appropriate banners and accompanying music. A gay time is anticipated, and one of the finest meetings the club has known will be held. It is the purpose of the ladies and gentlemen interested to make the club a permanent institution, and it may eventuate into an honour to Atlanta's social excellence and literary culture.

United States District Court.

JUDGE JOHN ERSKINE PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:

Court was engaged until adjournment on the trial of objections to discharge of bankrupt, Hugh B McCutchen, objecting creditors being A C & B F Wyly, Geo F Lowndes and Tommey Stewart & Beck, Candler & Thompson and A B Culberson for objectors; for bankrupt W T & W J Wynn.

Court adjourned to 10 a m to-day when argument will be had.

SOLID SILVER BRIDAL PRESENTS at J. P. Stevens & Co's, 34 Whitehall St.
000 sep6...d thur sat sun 3d&4th col

A PROBABLE MURDER.

An Assault on a Farmer by a Negro Employee.

From a gentleman who came up the Macon road yesterday we learn the particulars of a difficulty which occurred night before last near Milner, in which Mr. Lelius Holmes, a farmer, who resided near that place, was so badly injured that his recovery, at last accounts, was very doubtful. Mr. Holmes is a man of about thirty five years of age and is a thrifty, well-to-do farmer. Recently he has had several negroes employed on his place to pick out his cotton, which is opening very fast. The negroes brought up to the house each night the quantity picked during the day, and there had it weighed.

Tuesday night the hands came in as usual, and while weighing the cotton picked by a negro named Riley Douglass, Mr. Holmes had some dispute with him. A few words were passed, when the negro caught one of the sticks on which the cotton was weighed and struck Mr. Holmes

A TERRIBLE BLOW

across the head, which felled him to the earth. Riley fled at once, and none of the negroes made an attempt to arrest him.

When the wounded man was picked up he was profusely bleeding, and it was feared that his skull was seriously fractured.

Drs Caldwell and Strother were at once summoned to see Mr. Holmes.

At last accounts he was suffering very much, and his recovery was hardly probable.

No clue of the assailant is reported

Mr. Holmes bears a fine character in his county, and is not regarded as an over bearing man

Supreme Court of Georgia.

LIST OF CIRCUITS.

Atlanta Circuit	14	Coweta Circuit	10
Southern Circuit	4	Rome Circuit	21
Oconee Circuit	6	Cherokee Circuit	9
Albany Circuit	21	Augusta Circuit	12
Southwestern Circuit	36	Middle Circuit	5
Pataula Circuit	13	Ocmulgee Circuit	15
Chattahoochee Circuit	23	Eastern Circuit	26
Macon Circuit	21	Brunswick Circuit	1
Flint Circuit	28		

ATLANTA, GA., September 5, 1877.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 10. Argument concluded

No. 11 Ford & Booth vs A. M. Perkerson. Rule, from Fulton. Argued. S D. McConnell for plaintiffs in error. E. L. Mynatt for defendant.

No. 12. The Ga R. R. & Banking Co. vs. J. L. Hamilton. Complaint for Land, from DeKalb. Henry Hillyer, Candler & Thomson, for plaintiff in error. L. J. Winn for defendant.

Pending the argument of Mr. Winn, court adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning

The Good Templars.

The ninth annual meeting of the grand lodge of Good Templars of Georgia, will be held at Dalton on the 11th of September. A large number of delegates will be present. The citizens of Dalton are making every effort to give their visitors a grand reception.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
FOR THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS.

The great virtue of this medicine is that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood and thus effects a cure.

SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, &C.

The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach, creating an appetite, forming chyle, and curing the most obstinate cases of Indigestion.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT, &C.

These Pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more efficacious in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for Consumption, as the Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, create a healthy bile, and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of Consumption. The Sea Weed Tonic gives tone and strength to the stomach, makes a good digestion, and enables the organs to form good blood; and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of Consumption if taken in time, and the use of the medicines persevered in

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Schenck's medicines for sale by all Druggists sept...deodlm

SAM. HELDEBRAND.

Still Among the Living—He Pays a Visit to an Old Friend in Madison County.

Fredericktown (Mo.) Farmer.

The opinion generally prevails that the subject of this sketch, the noted Missouri guerrilla, no longer dwells among men. We have the word of one of Madison county's best citizens that Samuel lately passed through this county on his way to Illinois. We give our informant's statement just as he gave it to us, under promise that we would not reveal his name.

He said that one evening about two weeks before his visit to this office, a pale, sickly-looking gentleman halted at his gate and called to the inmates of the house. He was at the barn at the time feeding the stock, his daughter was milking the cows, and the faithful housewife was preparing a frugal evening meal. The loud barking of the watch-dog attracted the attention of the latter, who appeared at the door. The careworn stranger expressed a desire to see the man of the house, and he was accordingly called from his labors in the barn-yard. When they met our friend says he knew the face of the stranger well, but could not place him. They shook hands and looked at each other for some time, and still he could not recognize him.

"Don't you know me?" said the stranger.

"I know you like a book, but I can't place you," replied our friend.

"Come down here in the woods and I will make myself known."

He said he felt no fear of anything, and went with him to some timber near by, where they seated themselves on the grass.

"Don't you remember Sam Hildebrand?"

"Very well."

"I am that same Sam Hildebrand."

Our friend says that he then could clearly recognize him, though time and disease had wrought wonderful changes in his appearance. He staid all night at his house, and during the evening related many of his thrilling adventures during the war. We do not publish this for sensation, but as the statement of an honorable old farmer citizen, who says he lived neighbor to Hildebrand for more than three years, and who is satisfied of his identity.

A Couple of Opinions.

Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

Atlanta is not a representative point in Georgia, but an exceptional one. Every Georgian who visits that city is struck with this fact. He feels himself to be among another people, and so he is, to a great extent. We do not mean to say that they are better or worse, but they are not like Georgians; and their ideas, habits and modes of thought and action do not respond to ours.

Milledgeville Old Capital.

DEMOCRACY AND MILLEDGEVILLE.

Above we sound the slogan of the people's campaign. It will be a campaign of the democracy against the work, the principles of radicalism and the results of that work and those principles in the governmental affairs of our state After the war, republicanism was rampant, they reconstructed, and re-reconstructed us, and the miserable spawn of the re-reconstruction is what the people of Georgia, the honest freemen, the intelligence and patriotism of the state, will wipe out by the ratification of the new constitution made for them and by them. The issue is one to call out the grandest efforts of the noble people of our grand old state. Georgia is once again the land of the free, and is now, as she ever has been, the home of the brave. Her people can govern themselves, they love her honored name, and will stand by her in every extremity. Plundered by a horde of thieves, denounced as rebels by the constitution under which they have lived, they have suffered and grown strong, and the day of deliverance has come at last. Democracy stands triumphant, and the first Wednesday in December will consign to the waters of oblivion the last remembrance and landmark of republican rule in Georgia.

Ratification means democracy, and democracy means ratification, and the two mean Milledgeville. * * Carpetbaggers, whose ancestors were thieves and poltroons, and who themselves left their country for their country's good, and the poor, miserable, ignorant creatures who were their tools, took the capitol from Milledgeville and moved it to Atlanta.

A Singular Case.

From the New York evening Mail.

Andrew O'Connor, of Paterson, had a very novel action up before Vice Chancellor Van Vleet, in Newark, yesterday. The defendant is Charles Rempt, and the circumstances of this very strange case are as follows: O'Connor was the possessor of some $5 000 worth of real estate in Paterson. Last winter he came to Newark and got on a spree. He was found, after a week's search by his friends, in Rempt's saloon, intoxicated. While drunk he conveyed all his property to Mrs. Rempt, on the understanding that she was to give him bed and board during his lifetime, provided she outlived him. O'Connor now seeks to recover the property so conveyed. Rempt says O'Connor was sober when he made the conveyance, and no liquor was given to him until after the making of said conveyance. Both parties are well known in New York. O'Connor is a bachelor, is a hard-working man, a carriage-trimmer by trade, and not, as a general thing, in the habit of drinking. He has been six years without taking a drop, and then went on a spree for a week. So far it has been an expensive one.

The Gushing Mrs. H.

Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Before leaving the palace car "Bellevue," in which she had traveled through Vermont, New Hampshire and Massachusetts, Mrs. Hayes asked for the silver motto "Welcome to Vermont," and one of the stars employed in the decoration of the interior. They were accordingly detached and presented to her as souvenirs of the journey.

WEATHER REPORT, SEPT. 5, 1877.

REPORTED BY R. J. REDDING,
FOR THE DEPARTMENT AGRICULTURE.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
27.992	28 959	29.029	28 993

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
69°	85°	71°	75°	86°	66°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun.......... 133°
Radiation from the earth during preceding night.......... 50°

HYGROMETER.

Per cent of moisture in the air				Evaporation.	Rain-fall.
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN	INCHES	INCHES.
73	59	93	75		.20

ANEMOMETER.

7 A.M.—Wind from the.......... South East
2 P.M.—Wind from the.......... South West
9 P.M.—Wind from the.......... South-East

APPEARANCE OF THE SKY

7 P.M. .... Cloudy
2 A.M. .... Cloudy
9 P.M. .... Cloudy

PROBABILITIES.
(By Telegraph.)

Indications for Thursday in the South Atlantic States, south and east winds, stationary or falling barometer, stationary temperature, and cloudy weather, possibly rain, will prevail.

FINANCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Sept. 5, 1877.

Gold lower than since 1862.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying..........103 | Selling..........104
EXCHANGE—
Buying at..........par | Selling..........¼ prem

BONDS—

Georgia 6s	99@101	Atlanta City 8s	95@100
Georgia 7s	108@109	Atlanta 10s	110@113
Georgia 7s gold	108@109	Augusta City 7s	85@ 90
Georgia 8s	110@115	Savannah City	30@ 50
Atlanta Water	85 @ 90	Macon City	78@ 80
Atlanta City 7s.	85@ 90	Ga. R. R. 7s	104@107
Western R R of Ala. 1st m'tge	97@100	Ga. R. R. 6s	99@101
Western R R of Ala. 2d m'tge, endorsed by Ga & Cent RR	97@100	A. & W. P. R. R.	110@112
Mont & W P RR 1st mortgage.	98@100	Central R.R. 7s.	98@100
		So. West RR 7s.	98@100
		M.&W. R.R. 7s.	98@100
		W & A R R Leases, 10 per ct income bonds	95@100

STOCKS—

Georgia R.R.	72@ 75	SouthWes R.R.	75@ 78
Central R.R.	48@ 50	Atlanta Str'tRR	85@ 90
A.& W.P.R.R.	95@ 98		

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 5—*Noon.*—Stocks opened strong; since weaker. Money 2@3. Gold 103¼. Exchange—long $4 82¼; short $4 85¼. State Bonds dull. Governments weak

NEW YORK, September 5.—*Evening.*—Money easy; offered at 4 Sterling dull at 2½. Gold quiet at 103¼; 10 ¼ bid Governments firm; new fives 7⅞. State Bonds quiet.

Stocks buoyant, as follows:

N. Y. Central	108¾	Pittsburg	82
Erie	12¾	Chicago & N. W.	33½
Lake Shore	65	Preferred	63
Illinois Central	67¼	Rock Island	100⅞

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold..........$86,715,945 Currency....$47,916,708
Sub-treasury payments:
Interest..........$299,000 Bonds..........$116,000
Customs receipts to-day $362,000.

LONDON, September 5.—noon.—Erie 12¾
1:30 P M.—Consols 95¼.

PARIS, September 5.—Rentes 106f 25c.

COMMERCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Sept. 5, 1877.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton quiet at 9½@9¾.

BY TELEGRAPH

LIVERPOOL, September 5—*Noon*—Cotton market steady; middling uplands 5 1-16; middling Orleans 6¼; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 500; all American; futures opened 1-32 better, but are now easier; middling uplands nothing below low middlings September delivery 5 15-16; September and October delivery 5 15-16; October and November delivery 5 31-32@6; November and December delivery 6; December and January delivery 6; new crop shipped in October and November per sail 6.

LIVERPOOL, September 5—5:00 P. M.—Middling uplands nothing below low middlings December and January delivery 5 31-32; September and October 5 29 32; new crop shipped in October and November per sail 5 31 32.

NEW YORK, September 5—*Noon.*—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 11; Orleans 11¼; sales 785 bales; futures opened easier, as follows:

September	10 82@10.84	November	10 82@10.85
October	10.79@10.72	December	10.85@10 67

NEW YORK, September 5.—*Evening*—Cotton steady; middling uplands 11; Orleans 11¼; sales 1,660 bales; consolidated net receipts 3,278; exports to Great Britain 3,059; continent 160; channel 1,585; net receipts to-day none; gross 2,417 bales; futures closed firm; sales 25,000 bales, as follows:

September	10.85	January	10.79@10 80
October	10 73@10.74	February	10.95@10 97
November	10.6@10.69	March	11.1@11 2
December	10 67@10.68	April	11.24@11 26

GALVESTON, September 5.—Cotton dull; middlings 10½; net receipts 136 bales; sales 18; exports coastwise 1,359

NEW ORLEANS, September 5.—Cotton steady; middlings 10¾; low middlings 9¾; good ordinary 9¼; net receipts 184 bales; gross 184; sales 800.

MOBILE, September 5.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middlings 10; net receipts 27 bales; sales 100

SAVANNAH, September 5.—Cotton steady and firm; middlings 10¾; net receipts 318 bales; gross 450; sales 124; exports coastwise 552.

CHARLESTON, September 5.—Cotton dull; middlings 10⅝@10¾; net receipts 85 bales; sales 32; exports coastwise 146.

WILMINGTON, September 5.—Cotton dull; middlings 10½; net receipts 3 bales.

NORFOLK, September 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10½; net receipts 220 bales; exports coastwise 218.

BALTIMORE, September 5—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; sales 115 bales; exports coastwise 25 bales

BOSTON, September 5—Cotton dull; middlings 11¾

PHILADELPHIA, September 5—Cotton quiet; middlings 11¼; net receipts 35 bales; gross 3 5; sales to spinners 487

MEMPHIS, September 5.—Cotton steady; middlings 10¾; net receipts 28 bales; shipments 96; sales 400

AUGUSTA, September 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¼; net receipts 40 bales; sales 40

Atlanta Produce Market.

EGGS—16.
BUTTER—Choice 18; fair 16@18; old 12@14.
POULTRY—Chickens 15@18
BEESWAX—Market weak at 27.
FEATHERS—new choice mixed 40@45.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches peeled, 5@8; rough, 3@4½; apples 2½@2¾.

Live Stock Market.

Sheep 3@4¼; common cattle 3½@4; good cattle 4@4½; choice cattle 4½@5; extra cattle 5@5½; North Georgia cattle 2½@3; Tennessee 4@5.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—Fresh shelled 75@78; damaged 70@75.
MEAL—75@78
GRITS—$5 00.
WHEAT—Georgia good to choice red and amber $1 10@$1 36; Georgia good to choice white $1 20@$1 40; Tennessee good to choice red and amber $1 20@$1 40; Tennessee good to choice white $1 25@$1 50
WHEAT BRAN—75
OATS—50@55.
HAY—Timothy $1 15@$1 25; Clover $1 00@$1 00.
MOLASSES—Barrels none; tierces 32; hhds none.
MACKEREL—No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits $1 75 @$2 00; No. 2 half bbls $5 50; kits $1 00@$1 10; No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $5 00; kits $1 00.
COFFEE—Rio 20@23½; Java 30@33.
SUGAR—Standard A 11½; white extra C 11¼; extra C 11; yellow 10½@11; New Orleans 10@11.
FLOUR—Fancy $7 50; extra family $7 00; family $6 50; extra $6 00; superfine $5 50
SMOKED MEATS—Tennessee, clear sides 9½ @10.
BACON—Shoulders 6¾
BULK MEATS—Clear rib sides, winter-cured 8¾; summer cured 8; long clear sides 7½; shoulders 5¾
HAMS—Bulk none. Sugar-cured 12½@13.
LARD—Tierces, kettle 11½; kegs and cans 11½ @12½; buckets 11½@12½; refined 10@10½.

Dry Goods.

Tickings 6@20; stripes 9@12½; osnaburgs 9½@10½; cambrics 6@7; prints 5½@7½; brown sheetings 7@7½; shirtings 6½@7; bleached sheetings and shirtings 4½@18; Domestics, 4-4 7½@8; 7-8 6½@6½; 3-4 5½@5¾; yarns 95.

Tobacco

CHEWING—Common, sound 11-inch new ℔ 45@48; common, sound, 11-inch old ℔ 47@50; medium 11-inch old 50@55; good 11-inch old 55@60; fine 11-inch old 70; bright navys 60; good 65; fine 80; Grovely $1 00; Calhoun $1 25; natural leaf $1 00.

Fruits and Confectionaries.

FRUITS—Lemons $7 50@$8; bananas, ℔ bunch none; apples none; oranges none; pears none; cocoa nuts none; Raisins, layers. whole, per box $2 50@$3 00; raisins half $1 75; quarters 90; currants in barrels 10; citron, Leghorn per ℔ 28; figs, selected Elemes drums per ℔ 17½; dates in frails 8½; boxes prunes, in bbls, ℔ ℔ 14@15.
NUTS—Almonds, Languedoc 20; Taragons 17½ @20; pecan nuts 15; Brazil nuts 12½@15; English walnuts 15@20; filberts 15.

Miscellaneous.

SALT—Virginia $1 50; Liverpool $1 40.
LIME—$1 00@$1 25.
NAILS—12d, 10d, $2 80.
LEATHER—Hemlock sole 22@28; white oak 30@40; Georgia upper 28@40; lining skins $4 00 @$9 00 ℔ doz.
HIDES—Dry flint 12½@13; wet salted 7@8; green 5; dry salted 11@12.
BAGGING—Gunny 12; 2 lbs jute 13½; 2¼ lbs jute 13¾; 2¼ lbs jute 14¼
IRON TIES—5.
POWDER—Blasting $3 90; rifle $6 40.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Flour 10@25c higher; mainly on low and medium grades and choice Minnesota; good demand; superfine western and state $4 40@$5 00; latter fancy; market closing firm; southern flour firm; common to fair extra $6 15@$5 50; good to choice extra $6 80@$8 50. Wheat 1@2c better; spot scarce and in fair demand; export and milling closing strong; ungraded winter red and amber $1 20@$1 42; fancy winter red $1 45; No. 2 winter red $1 39@$1 40; white Tennessee $1 40 Corn ½@¾c better; good demand; light offerings checking business; hot to choice high mixed western 53@58. Oats in better demand; closing firmer. Coffee, Rio quiet and firm. Sugar strong and quiet; fair to good refining 8½@8⅝; standard A 10¾. Molasses, foreign refining steady; grocery grades quiet Rice steady. Tallow without material change. Coal unsettled; anthracite ℔ cargo $3 00@$4 00. Leather firm Wool quiet; domestic fleece 28@47; pulled lambs 3 @30; unwashed 10@30; Texas 14@30. Pork firmer; more doing; new mess $12 90@$13 00 Lard firmer; prime steam 8 80@8 85. Whisky a shade firmer and quiet; $1 13 Freights to Liverpool quiet; cotton per steam ¼.

CHICAGO, September 5.—Flour fairly active; western extra $5 00@$6 25; choice to fancy Minnesota extra $7 00@$7 50; common to fair extra $6 25@$6 75; patents 7 5 @$9 50; superfine $3 00 @$4 50; winter extras $5 50@$7 00. Wheat excited, higher and unsettled; No. 1 spring $1 16½; No. 2 spring $1 16; closed at $1 08½@$1 09¼ September; $1 04 October; all the year $1 02½; No. 3 do $1 08. Corn active and firm; cash 45; September 45¼@45¼; October 45½. Oats fairly active; cash 24; October 24¾. Rye steady and unchanged. Barley steady and firm. Pork quiet and firm: cash $12 30. Lard dull and nominal; cash 8.42½; October 8.40. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged. Whisky $1 09.

Last Call.—Wheat, September $1 09¼; October $1 03½@$1 04; corn and oats unchanged; pork $12 49 October; lard, October 8.42½.

ST. LOUIS, September 5.—Flour firmer and unchanged; double extra fall $5 10@$5 25. treble extra fall $5 40@$5 60 Wheat active and firm; No. 2 red fall $1 28 bid; No. 3 red fall $1 20. Corn inactive; No. 2 mixed 41¾. Oats, No. 2 26¼. Rye 53¾ bid Barley firmer; little doing Whisky steady at $1 09. Pork quiet at $12 75. Lard, summer 8 20. Bulk Meats in light demand; holders firm; no sales. Bacon firmer; shoulders 5⅞; clear sides 7¾; clear sides 8⅛@8¼. Hogs active; Yorkers 5 15@5.30; heavy 4.95@5 25 Cattle steady; good demand; Texas and Indiana 2.50@2.75.

CINCINNATI, September 5.—Flour strong. Wheat in good demand; red $1 12@$1 22 Corn easier; prices unchanged Oats in good demand at 27@32 Rye quiet and steady. Barley dull and nominal. Pork quiet and firm at $12 50@$12 75 Lard in fair demand, steam 8.40; kettle 9@9¾. Bulk Meats in good demand; shoulders 5⅝; short rib middles 6.90@6.92½; short clear middles 7¼. Bacon firm; shoulders 5¾; clear rib sides 7½@7¾; clear sides 8@8⅛. Whisky quiet at $1 09. Butter steady; fancy creamery 28@30; prime to choice western reserve 18@23; central Ohio 14@10 Sugar firm; improved demand Hogs active and firm; packing 5@5.25; receipts 1,751; shipments 635.

LOUISVILLE, September 5.—Flour active. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn dull; white 50; mixed 46. Rye quiet and unchanged. Oats quiet; white 30, mixed 28 Pork quiet at $12 75 @$13 25. Bulk Meats quiet; shoulders 5 20; clear rib sides 7¼, clear sides 7⅝. Bacon quiet; shoulders 5¾; clear rib sides 7 8; clear sides 8¼; Sugar-cured Hams quiet but firm at 11½. Lard quiet; choice leaf tierce 10@10¼ Whisky steady at $1 10 Bagging dull at 12½ Tobacco steady; Louisville navy bright mahogany 56 a 58; 2d class 48@50; fine black 48@5; Kentucky smoking 29@50.

BALTIMORE, September 5.—Flour active city mills ¼c higher. Wheat, southern dull easier southern red prime $1 45@$1 48; amber $1 50@$1 52; western steamer $1 26 bid; No. 2 western winter red spot $1 40, September $1 40 October $1 33¼ Corn, southern unchanged

SHIPPING NEWS.

SAVANNAH, September 5—*Arrived*—steamship San Salvador, New York; Somerset, Boston *Cleared*—schr Frank Jarning, Baltimore.

CHARLESTON, September 5.—*Cleared*—bark Northern Queen, Liverpool. *Sailed*—str G. W. Clyde, New York.

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WHOLESALE DEALER IN
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☞ SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ORDERS. ☜
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62 aug6...d1m sun wed

To the Public
ATLANTA, GA., August 28, 1877.
HAVING engaged in the Cotton Commission business with the best facilities for storing and handling Cotton, we would respectfully solicit your patronage, and promise to give our strict personal attention to each and every consignment
From long experience in the Cotton business we are satisfied that we can give satisfaction and we assure our patrons that no pains shall be spared to further their interest.
Liberal advances made on Cotton in store
Our commission for selling will be 50 cents per bale.
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Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall St., New York, make desirable investments in stocks which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three per cent Explanatory circulars and weekly reports sent free. oct21–deodly

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The worst cases successfully treated. Consultation Free.
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T IN GEORGIA.

cene—White county characters: mule and a negro. Result—About as usual.

—In Jones county the other day, a new copartnership was formed. The contracting parties were a prominent planter and an unpopular hornet. In attempting to break loose from the hornet, the prominet farmer tore down a panel of fence and broke a wagon tongue in two. It is rumored that the hornet was somewhat damaged in the scuffle, but as yet nothing definite is known.

—Has John Gorman really got back from Tennessee? It is important that this question should be answered promptly.

—The Cartersville Express has the largest circulation of any paper on the state road, and is consequently one of the best advertising mediums in Cherokee Georgia. It was a warm advocate of Atlanta as the permanent capital, and our business men, we think, owe it to themselves and to the Express, to give Mr. Willingham their patronage. He is now in the city, and will call upon our business men.

—During the cotton season just closed, Cuthbert received 8,411 bales, an increase over the last season of 2,328 bales.

—Hon Reason Paulk, of Irwin county, died very suddenly the other day.

—The Cartersville Express says that Colonel Warren Akin's opinion is that the new constitution is the best in Georgia.

—Thus Cornelius Willingham, of the Cartersville Express: "The humblest can do something towards making the local paper interesting. If you cannot run away with another man's wife, or be a defaulting bank clerk, you can at least step on a watermelon rind and sprain your ear."

—Mr. J. S. Thrasher has discovered the richest gold mine in north Georgia.

—Mr. Thomas Daniel, a young man, died of consumption in Hawkinsville the other day.

—The Cartersville Express is going to issue a big trade paper on the 27th. This will afford our merchants an opportunity to advertise their business in that section.

—The Hawkinsville Dispatch says that on Thursday, the 23d ultimo, Mr. Jesse Morris was shot and killed by Mr. John McAllister, at the residence of Mr. John McLeod, in Montgomery county. We have not learned the full particulars of the difficulty. Mr. McAllister is, we believe, a young man, and the stepson of Mr. Adams, the deputy sheriff of the county. There had been, it is reported, an old grudge existing between the young men, and on meeting at the home of McLeod, it is said that the trouble was renewed, and McAllister, drawing a pistol, shot Morris dead.

—Hawkinsville is to have a new depot, and the old one is to be torn down.

How Infinitely Superior

is the fragant and wholesome SOZODONT to the gritty tooth powders and chemical fluids formerly used upon teeth, but which abraded and corroded the enamel and induced decay. The SOZODONT, on the contrary, preserves, at the same time it beautifies, the teeth. sep3 deod1w&w1t

Dr. Tutt's Pills.

DR TUTT'S PILLS

Meet the wants of those who need a safe and reliable medicine. The immense demand which has so rapidly followed their introduction is evidence that they do supply this want, and proves them to be

THE MOST POPULAR PILL

ever furnished the American people. The highest medical authorities concede their superiority over all others, because they possess alterative, tonic, and healing properties contained in no other medicine. Being strongly Anti-Bilious, they expel all humors, correct a vitiated state of the system, and, being purely vegetable, they do not, like other pills, leave the stomach and bowels in a worse condition than they found them, but, on the contrary, impart a healthy tone and vigor before unknown.

OUR WORDS INDORSED

Dr. C. L. MITCHELL, Ft. Meade, Fla., says: . . . *"I know the superiority of your pills, and want to see them used instead of the worthless compounds sold in this country."* . . .

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky., says: . . . *"Tutt's pills are worth their weight in gold."* . . .

Had Sick Headache & Piles 30 Years.

. . . *"I am well. Gaining strength and flesh every day."* . . . R. S. Austin, Springfield, Mass.

He Defies Chills and Fever.

"With Tutt's pills, we defy chills. Illinois owes you a debt of gratitude." . . F. R. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE

Gray hair is changed to a glossy black by a single application of this dye. It is easily applied, acts like magic, and is as harmless as spring water. Never disappoints. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

To the Public.

ATLANTA, GA., August 28, 1877.

HAVING engaged in the Cotton Commission business with the best facilities for storing and handling Cotton, we would respectfully solicit your patronage, and promise to give our strict personal attention to each and every consignment

From long experience in the Cotton business we are satisfied that we can give satisfaction and we assure our patrons that no pains shall be spared to further their interest

Liberal advances made on Cotton in store

Our commission for selling will be 50 cents per bale. J. H. ANDERSON & CO., No. 16 Loyd street, North Markham House.

519 aug29 d1m

Charlotte Hotel,

TRYON STREET,
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.

TERMS—$2 00 and $1 50 per day according to location Room. Single Meals 50 Cents This Hotel is situated in the heart of the city, convenient to the Railroad Depots and principal business houses J. RILEY DAVIDSON, Proprietor.

164 sep8..dtf

House and Lot for Sale.

MY RESIDENCE, No. 245 Rawson street, is for sale on terms to suit the purchaser. Nine rooms in the house Three room building attached by covered way, for kitchen and servants Large and commodious stable. Nearly one acre in the lot. Property in good repair and must be sold. HENRY JACKSON.

Apply at law office of Jackson & Lumpkin, or Marietta street 124

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—Importers' prices—Largest Company in America—staple article—pleases every body—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, Pres. of the Original American Tea Co 43 Vesey St, N.Y. P. O. Box 1287 7 sep1 d&w4w

CARD.

Pure Select Seed Wheat.

1,000 Bushels White Pennsylvania Blue Stem. 1,000 do. Boughton.
1,000 bushels Walker & Gennes ei Amber
1,000 bushels Mediterranean
Put up in two bushels seamless sacks free on board cars at $1 50. LEIPER & MENEFEE, Murfreesboro, Tenn.
5 sep1..d1m

Dry Goods, Etc

M. C. & J. F KISER & CO,

JOBBERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

—AND—

NOTIONS,

COR PRYOR AND WALL STS.

OPPOSITE THE KIMBALL HOUSE,

ATLANTA, GA.

M. C. KISER, J. F. KISER, W. S. EVERETT.
76 sept..tf

Business Directory.

DR. JAS. ALLEN LINK,
Dentist,
63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street.
439 july24, 1877. d6m

D. SMITH
Dentist.
Office 66 and Residence 173 Whitehall Street
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
nov28,1876—d1y

Lawyers.

ANDREW BATES,
Attorney at Law
GRANT'S NEW BUILDING,
40 Marietta Street,
ATLANTA..GEORGI
71 apr8 1877 d6m

ASA M JACKSON. L. W. THOMAS
JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
718 may9 1877..d1y

J. B. REDWINE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No. 14½ Whitehall street, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon. John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...dtf

GEO F. WOOTEN,
Attorney at Law
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I MAKE all kinds of collecting a SPECIALTY, and have in my employ efficient subordinates whose single duty is to assist in finding delinquent debtors, and by continued "dunning" making them pay. No charge for services attaches to any claim unless a collection is made. Office: In Railroad Block, (up-stairs) opposite National Hotel. 00 apr8,1877...d1y

R. A. MASSEY,
Attorney at Law
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Douglas Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30,1877—d12m

B. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER
BERNER & TURNER,
Attorneys at Law
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims Refer to Wm. H. Head, Banker, Forsyth, Ga. Dumas & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga feb1,1877—d1y

LEONARD PHINIZY,
Attorney at Law
S. E. Corner Broad and McIntosh streets,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

References by permission—J. M. Bradstreet, Son & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Wm. T. Wheless, resident Commercial Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Alfred Baker, President National Exchange Bank, Augusta, Ga; Hon. John P. King, President of Georgia R R. & Bk'g Co., Augusta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Y. L. G. Harris President Southern Mutual Ins Co., Athens, Ga Claims collected in any part of the State feb26,1877—d1y

H. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law
MADISON, GEORGIA.

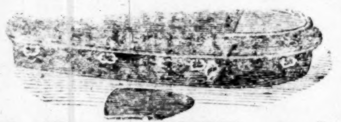
REFERENCES—Dr. Jno Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo W. Adair. june9—dtf

LUTHER J. GLENN HOWELL C. GLENN
L. J. GLENN & SON,
Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the rooms formerly occupied by Gartrell & Wright, in the Muhlinbrink Building, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. dec31—dtf

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar29—dtf

Undertakers.



C. H. SWIFT, Ag't
FOR
O. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie

DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Caskets and Cases. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."

Bodies preserved by the freezing process.

Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15 d1y

C. BOHNEFELD, Agent,
Undertaker and Cabinet Maker
Cor. of Marietta and Forsyth Streets,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HAS now and will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases, and Caskets, with the latest improvements on the "OLD FISK" patterns, and decidedly "Superior" in style, workmanship, finish, and the most elegant production of the art, with greatly reduced prices. Manufactured by Crane, Breed & Co., the leading house in the United States.

Hearses and Carriages furnished in any style and quantity, at the lowest rates.

All orders from or abroad will have prompt attention.

Furniture made and repaired to order.

mar9... aug28—eod1y

Horseshoes Nails Etc.

SHOENBERGER & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

JUNIATA

HORSE AND MULE
SHOES,
Cut Nails & Spikes,
HORSE SHOE BAR AND
SHEET IRON.

Goods warranted equal to any in the market Send for circular in regard to "PICKED NAILS," Corner 15th and Etna Streets,
oct27—1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Georgia State Fair

Will be held in ATLANTA, beginning
Monday, October 15th, 1877
AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

LARGE and Liberal Premiums for Stock, Manufactures, Machinery, Agricultural Implements, Fancy Work of Ladies, Fine Arts and Farm Products are offered.

Premium Lists and other information can be obtained by application to
MALCOLM JOHNSTON, Secretary,
297 aug18..dtiloct15 Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE

ATLANTA, GA., August 31st, 1877.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of A. C. & B. F. Wyly expires this day by limitation.

A. C. WYLY,
B. F. WYLY.
J. G. OGLESBY

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS at their present stand, Nos. 51 and 53 Alabama street.

Mr. Ogelsby will, for the present, remain with us.
A. C. WYLY,
B. F. WYLY.
11 sep1..dtf

Wholesale Grocers.

P & G. T. Dodd & Co.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

No. 32

Cor. Alabama & Pryor Sts.,

ATLANTA, GA.

Having determined to increase our already large and long established business the

COMING SEASON,

we beg to call the attention of Merchants throughout this, and adjacent States, to our large and carefully selected stock of

Groceries & Provisions,

which we are prepared to sell as low with as liberal accommodations as can be found in this, or any

Southern Market.

We offer as a guarantee our twenty-five years experience in the Grocery business in this city, and hope by

Fair Dealing

promptness in all matters pertaining to business, to merit the increased patronage which we ask at your hands.

Below we beg to call your attention to a partial list of goods which we keep constantly, and for which we can fill all orders

Promptly & Satisfactorily.

We make a specialty of COFFEES, and buy altogether from Importers, carry a large stock and guarantee prices with any Jobbers in the South

COFFEES—Rio and Java, all grades,
SUGARS—All grades Refined to New Orleans.
SYRUPS—N. O. and all grades of Refined.
MOLASSES—Hhds, Tierces and Bbls.
FLOUR—All grades in Sacks and Barrels.
PEARL GRITS.
HOMINY.
SALT—Liverpool and Virginia.
BULK MEATS.
HAMS—Choice brands canvassed and uncanvassed
LARD—Choice Leaf, in Tierces, Cans and Buckets.
MACKEREL—In Bbls; Hlf Bbls. and Kits.
SOAPS—All grades and qualities from the most popular manufactories in the U. S.
TOBACCO—Chewing and Smoking, all grades.
SNUFF—Lorillard's in Jars and Packages.
RICE.
CANDLES.
CANDIES.
STARCH.
SODA—Kegs and Boxes.
POTASH.
BAKING POWDERS.
LYE.
BLUE STONE.
COPPERAS.
TEAS—Imperial, Oolong and Hyson.
PEPPER.
GINGER.
SPICES.
INDIGO.
NUTMEGS.
RAISINS.
NUTS—ALL KINDS.
OYSTERS.
CRACKERS.
CHEESE—FACTORY AND CREAM.
CANNED MEATS—Comprising Pigs tongue. Pigs feet, Ox tongue, and Turkey and tongue.
LOBSTERS.
SALMON.
SARDINES.
PICKLES—Gals., ½ Gal. and Qurts.
CONDENSED MILK.
GREEN CORN.
GREEN PEAS.
GREEN PEACHES.
GREEN PINE-APPLE.
BUCKETS—All kinds.
TUBS.
BROOMS.
MATCHES.
BLACKING AND BRUSHES.
WRAPPER PAPER AND PAPER BAGS, all sizes.
ROPE AND TWINE.
POWDER.
SHOT.
LEAD.
CAPS.
NAILS.
&c., &c., &c., &c.
14 sep1...df

Educational.

Patapsco Female Institute.

TERMS, $300 PER YEAR.

Address Mrs. R. H. ARCHER, Principal,
276 july15—d3m Ellicott City, Maryland.

Georgia Female College,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

THE FALL TERM of this popular institution begins on Monday, September 17th, 1877, with a full corps of competent and experienced teachers. Board, fuel and lights, per session, $75 00. Music Painting and Languages extra. No charge for Calisthenics. For full particulars address Mrs. GEO. Y. BROWNE, Principal.
49 aug4 d2m

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE FORTIETH ANNUAL SESSION.

WILL BEGIN ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1877.

The advantages in the Literary, Musical and Art Departments are unsurpassed.

In point of health Macon is the second of all cities in the United States, containing as many as ten thousand inhabitants

The price of Board and Regular Tuition for half the annual session is $125 00 to $140 00, which must be paid in advance.

There is an extra charge for Music, Drawing, Painting and French.

For Catalogue apply to
Rev. W. C. BASS, D. D., President, or
Rev. C. W. SMITH, D. D., Secretary.
267 july14...dtoct1

Augusta Female Seminary,

STAUNTON, VA.

THE largest first class institution for young ladies in Virginia, with an able corps of twenty-five teachers.

Opens the FIRST WEDNESDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1877.

For catalogues containing full particulars, apply to
MISS M. J BALDWIN, Principal.
315 july17..d2m Staunton, Va.

University of Georgia

THE 77th Annual Session of this institution will begin on the 2d of October, 1877. Scholarships in the State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts are granted to as many students, residents of the State, as there are members of the General Assembly In addition, 50 Beneficiaries are appointed in the Academic Department. Every branch of Liberal and Practical Education is taught. The Annual Session of Medical Department at Augusta, will begin on the first Monday in November. For Circulars apply to the Dean of the Faculty at Augusta, Ga. Board at $12 50 a month. For Catalogues and further particulars, address WM. HENRY WADDELL, Secretary of the Faculty, Athens, Ga.
338 aug21. d1aw&w1m

Kentucky Military Institute.

Thirty-Second Annual Session Begins First Monday in September, 1877.

Full and able College Faculty. Preparatory Course thorough. College Course as extensive as those of any institution of learning in the United States. Happy blending of the Family and Military methods of government. Pupils can obtain a Preparatory and Collegiate Course at as little cost as at any College in the land. The Commercial Science receives adequate attention. Mode of instruction peculiar and tends to success. Short suggestive Essays on Mode of Government and Instruction pursued at the K. M. I., sent free on application. The healthful location is too well known to require comment. NUMBER OF CADETS LIMITED TO 100. Applications should be made in advance to MAJOR R. H. WILDBERGER, Commandant, Farmdale, Franklin county, Ky.
233 aug14..wed sat sun&w5w

Important to Parents and Guardian

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation,

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of the celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made the Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

Refer to John H. Flynn, W. S. Thomson and General W. S. Walker.
'88 apr14 dsun&wed.to.june30, 1878

Lucy Cobb Institute,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

Mrs. A. E. WRIGHT, }
Rev. P. A. HEARD, } ...Associate Principals.
Prof. SCHIRMACHER...................................Music.

WILL OPEN WEDNESDAY, 12th day of September, A. D., 1877, with full corps of teachers 520 aug29...d4w wed sun

Executor's Sale.

A Chance for Farmers of Small Means to Buy a Home

IN ONE THE

Best Sections of Georgia,

ON THE EASIEST OF TERMS.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fayette county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door, in the town of Fayetteville, of said county, on the first Tuesday in October, 1877, during the legal hours of sale, and at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder, the following lots and parts of lots of land whereon Dr B. O. Jones resided at the time of his death, in the seventh district of said county, viz;

Land Lot No. 89, consisting of 202½ acres, more or less.
Land Lot No 90, consisting of 202½ acres, more or less.
Land Lot No. 91, consisting of 150 acres, more or less.
Land Lot No. 92, consisting of 101¼ acres more or less.
Land Lot No. 103, consisting of 101¼ acres, more or less.
Land Lot No. 69, consisting of 202½ acres, more or less.

Making a total of 960 acres, the same being all of that splendid and famous body of lands belonging to the estate B. O. Jones, deceased, on Flat Creek, in Fayette county, Georgia. It is located in one of the productive, healthy and desirable portions of the State.

This land has been carefully surveyed, mapped, and divided into ten lots, three of which have 67 acres each, three 101¼ acres each, and the other four having respectively 91, 109, 119, and 158 acres. Considering the fact that the land lies in one of the best farming regions in Georgia, the amount of woodland is unusually large compared to the cleared land, being in a few divisions almost equal

On one of these Divisions is a Splendid Mill Site.

TERMS—*One fourth Cash; the remaing three fourths in* ONE, TWO, THREE *and* FOUR YEARS, with interest at 10 per cent. Bond for titles given.

For more definite information send to Executor No. 71 W. Simpson street Atlanta, Georgia, and get plat. J. A. RICHARDSON, Executor of B. O. Jones, deceased.
216 aug12..d sun &weekly to oct2

CHAS. F. STUBBS,

(Successor to Groover, Stubbs & Co.)

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

General Commission Merchant

AGENTS FOR THE
QUITMAN FACTORY YARNS.
94 BAY STREET,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

BAGGING, TIES, ROPE and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal cash advances made on consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports.

Mr. A. A. Winn, Cashier and Correspondent of the late firm of Groover, Stubbs & Co., has an interest in the business. 131 sep6..dtf

GUARANTEED SPECULATION.

$400 invested by us in 60 days **Straddles** have made $1,750 $100 have paid $1,700 in 30 days. We Guarantee all 60 day **Straddles**; Money refunded if no profit is made. References given Correspondence solicited.
W. F. HUBBELL & CO.,
MEMBERS NEW YORK MINING STOCK EXCHANGE,
P.O. Box 2613. 46 Broad St., N. Y.
26 sep2...d&w2m

Stoves, Hardware, &C.

JOHN J. SEAY,

Manufacturer of and Exclusively Wholesale Dealer in

Stoves, Grates, Hollow-Ware, English Pots, Wagon Boxes, Andirons, etc., etc., etc.

A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

The regular run of Light Castings is FOUR TONS PER DAY, and consequently all orders can be promptly filled.

DEALERS will take notice that I have sold out my retail business, and my UNDIVIDED ATTENTION will now be paid to the manufacture and Wholesale Trade. I can duplicate orders on the best Foundries in the country. Send for Price List.

JOHN. J. SEAY,
Rome, Ga.

Office at Foundry, corner Franklin St. and Rome Railroad. 179 aug12,1877..d1y

Iron Works.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS,
SHAFTING, PULLEYS &c
COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND, OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA. GA.

471 june28..d1y

Fire Insurance.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Com'y

OF NEW YORK.

Cash Assets over $850,000

This Company, one of the most successfully managed in the country, having complied with the Law requiring a DEPOSIT OF $25,000, gives thus fresh assurance to our people of permanence in our midst, and of readiness promptly to meet every requirement to satisfy them of absolute security in case of loss.

Rates reasonable. Losses, as heretofore, always promptly adjusted.

Attention is called to the following copy of the State Treasurer's Receipt. JNO. C. WHITNER, Agent.

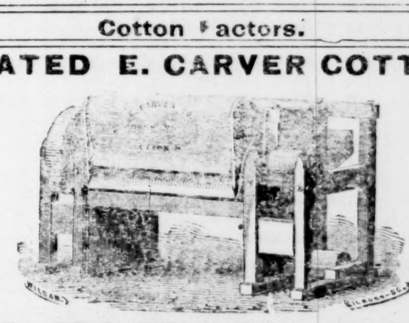
STATE OF GEORGIA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
ATLANTA, GA., August 30th, 1877

I acknowledge to have received from the "THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK," and which we hold under authority, and subject to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of this State, approved February 28th, 1877, TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS of United States Five per cent. Registered Bonds in the name of said Insurance Company, numbers, denominations and respective amounts as follows, viz: Nos. 19070 and 19071 each for $10,000—and, Nos. 20368, 23292, 23293, 23294 and 23295 each being for $1,000—Total, $25,000 00. J. W. RENFROE, Treasurer State of Georgia.

551 aug31 d2w

Cotton Factors.

CELEBRATED E. CARVER COTTON GIN.



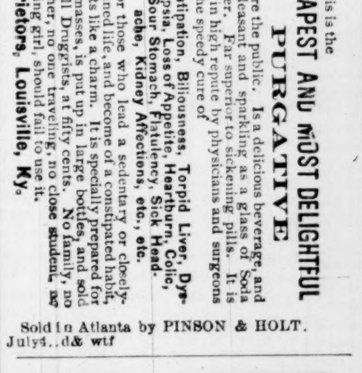
W. H. HOWARD & SONS,
COTTON FACTORS, AUGUSTA, GA

WE offer to the planters of Middle Georgia the above justly celebrated Cotton Gin, many of which are now in use in this section, and we can safely say have given entire satisfaction. **Horse Power Gins, 10 In. Saws, $3 50 Saw Water and Steam Gins, 12 In. Saws, $4 00 Saw**. We can also furnish from our stock in store any part of the above Gins to parties desiring to repair those now in their possession. Ample time to test Gins before paying for them.

57 jly5..d&w til dec 1st

Relief for the Afflicted.

50 CENTS PER BOTTLE


J. BAILEY'S SALINE APERIENT.

50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

J. F. DROMGOOLE & CO., Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

This is the
CHEAPEST AND MOST DELIGHTFUL PURGATIVE

Before the public. Is a delicious beverage, and as pleasant and sparkling as a glass of Soda Water. Far superior to sickening pills. It is held in high repute by physicians and surgeons for the speedy cure of

Constipation, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Colic, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Sick Headache, Kidney Affections, etc., etc.

For those who lead a sedentary or closely confined life, and become of a constipated habit, it acts like a charm. It is specially prepared for the masses, is put up in large bottles, and sold by all Druggists, at fifty cents. No family, no mother, no one traveling, no close student, no sewing girl, should fail to use it.

Sold in Atlanta by PINSON & HOLT.
July4..d& wtf

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams). Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. **SYPHILIS** positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; **Gonorrhea, GLEET,** Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture) Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

223 aug5—d&w1y

OBSTACLES —to— MARRIAGE

Happy Relief to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. **Manhood Restored.** Impediments to marriage removed New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address **HOWARD ASSOCIATION**, 419 N Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

REMOVED.

884 may15..d1yr

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggists has the ingredients.

Address Dr. JAQUES & CO, Cincinnati, Ohio.
dec5,1876—d&w1y

Relief for the Afflicted.

Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in 4 weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of advertisers who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive Whatever has merit must cost a fair price. **$3** per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York Druggists supplied.
61 aug5,1877..d1y

SUFFERERS from **LOST MANHOOD, SYPHILIS**, or any disease caused by indiscretion, why have given up all hope after trying in vain all the **so-called** remedies, will find the only sure relief by calling at, or sending stamp for free, confidential, and beneficial advise to the old **Western Medical Institute, 127 Sycamore St., Cincinnati**.. Write or call and examine in Museum of Life Size Models of **cases cured**, and you will be convinced it is the only Institute that **has** and **can** can successfully treat these ailments **No charge** to respectable person for treatment till cured 485 apr28..d1y&24days

A PHYSIOLOGICAL
View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE A Guide to Wedlock and confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading. 260 pages, price 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure, 224 large pages, price 50 cts.

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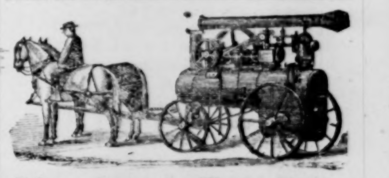

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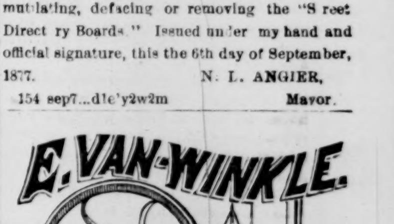
154 sep7..d1c'y2w2m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